BAPMAHT 1

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Seven-year-old Samantha Green (A1) ... a local hero after rescuing an eleven-year-old boy from an icy death. Local schoolchildren always look forward to the cold months of January and February when they can go skating on the frozen lake. It seems strange but the children (A2) ... to this dangerous place despite the warnings of the parents

and teachers not to do that.

Though they are aware of the dangers there (A3) ... a great number of accidents involving youngsters lately. It was sunny last Sunday, but Martin Brown (A4) ... no notice of the weather change. Hardly (A5) ... six or seven steps in his new skates when he fell through the ice. Samantha and her friends (A6) ... home when they heard his cries. They rushed to the lake at once. Knowing it was likely for the ice to crack further, Samantha crawled towards him on her hands and knees. She got to Martin just in time and he (A7) ... to a safe place by means of a rope which the children (A8) ... from their scarves.

A1. Pour susception de la company de la comp	mer newsborner in our	DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF	Business are also also de
1) considered	2) has considered	3) is considering	4) is considered
A2. 1) are drawn	2) had been drawn	3) are drawing	4) have drawn
A3 . 1) are	2) were	3) had been	4) have been
A4. 1) was taken	2) took	3) didn't take	4) hadn't taken
A5. 1) he has made	2) he made	3) had he made	4) was he making
A6. 1) had gone	2) were going	3) went	4) have been going
A7. 1) dragged	2) had dragged	3) was dragged	4) has been dragged
A8. 1) were making	2) have made	3) have been made	4) had made

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Having spent three days trapped on an ice floe (плавучая льдина), explorer Ben Miller was finally rescued last night. Wanting to become the first man to walk solo from Canada to (A9) ... North Pole, he set (A10) ... last April, alone and unaided. Having no way of transporting possessions, he took very little with him apart from camping equipment, a mobile phone, and a shovel (лопата). He made (A11) ... good progress at first but then experienced a number of setbacks. The longest day of the year was approaching, which meant that the temperature was starting to rise. The ice gradually started to melt around him preventing him (A12) ... going forward or back. Feeling desperate, Ben searched around him. He didn't have any advanced technical equipment, so he had to rely on (A13) ... common sense. He took out his shovel and dug a runway in the ice. He then took (A14) ... photo of the runway and sent it to a rescue team via his mobile phone. The pilot succeeded (A15) ... landing on the narrow strip of ice saving Ben (A16) ... almost certain death.

Ben (1220) III aminos es			
A9.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.	00	200	N
1) —	2) out	3) up	4) in
A11.	0)	27.11.	41
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A12.	0 × 66	2) /	4) from
1) of	2) off	3) to	4) 110111
A13.	0.	2) +ha	4)
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A14.	2)\	3) the	4) —
1) a	2) an	5) the	4)—
A15.	27	3) in	4) —
1) at	2) with	3) III	4)—
A16.	2) of	3) from	4) against
1) out of	2) of	3) 110111	4) against

	Прочитайте предлож	ения. Выберите один	из предложенных вариант	гов ответа.	
A17.	The hot curry made	for the iced water.			
	1) me reaching	2) me reach	3) I reach	4) me to reach	
A18.	Walking to Jane's off			as a movem feed and age	
	1) to ask	2) ask	3) asking	4) asked	
A19.	Mary hired a babysit				
	1) so as	2) in order	3) as long as	4) so that	
A20.	This time you need to 1) much more careful 2) far careful		h course you want to do. 3) a lot more carefu 4) far carefully	ıl	
A21.	The speech made a 1) commander's-in-cl 2) commander-in-chi	hief	the soldiers. 3) commander-in-c 4) commander's-in-		
	Укажите номер подче	еркнутого фрагмента	, в котором допущена оши	ібка.	
A22.	A great number of rec	cipe books nowadays 1	contains ideas for healthy 2 3	meals that can be prepare	ed <u>quickly and easily</u> 4
	1	2	chapter two in your textbo 3 4		
	1 2 2		may <u>be brought into the U</u> 3 4		
A25.	For this exercise, it is	best to lay down, or 1 2	sit <u>with both feet on the flo</u> 3 4	00r.	
shop imme shop exper	per. I only have to (A ediately seized by a de To be (A28), I th -lifting. It (A31)	27) a glimpse of t esire to be a million r nink it has somethin without saying that he feeling of unfairs	ng to (A29) with the I was completely innocen less and helplessness. Eve	rtment store as I flash pa fact that I was once w t of the charge of stealing	ast in a taxi and I and rongly (A30) on ag anything, but th
A26.					
	1) put	2) get	3) catch	4) make	
A27.	1) throw	2) catch	3) note	4) notice	
A28.	1) true	2) right	3) reliable	4) honest	
A29.	1) be	2) do	3) put	4) go	
A30.	1) guilty	2) fined	3) accused	4) criticised	
A31.	1) has	2) makes	3) does	4) goes	
A32.					
	1) persuading	2) asking	3) protesting	4) arguing	
	Выберите ответную р	реплику, подходящую	о по смыслу к предложенн	ной реплике-стимулу.	
A33.	I can't stop worrying 1) So can I. 2) I'm sure you'll do 3) Can you? 4) You never are.		orrow.		
	Выберите реплику-ст	гимул, подходящую г	то смыслу к предложенной	й ответной реплике.	

5

A34. That would be great. Thanks a lot.

1) Would you please help me?
2) Would you mind telling me what you're doing in here?
3) Wouldn't it be great if I could go abroad?
4) Would you like a lift to the station?

A35. Shouldn't 1?

1) You should come back a little earlier.

2) You'd better stay at home tonight.

3) You shouldn't take more than three of those pills a day.

4) You won't have finished the job by next Monday, I'm afraid.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер

выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. One day last summer, when Joey had been arrested yet again for yet another burglary, his solicitor went down to the police station to see him. He sat down opposite him in the interview room, sighed and asked him straight: "Joey, why do you do it?" And Joey looked straight back and told him, "I dunno. It's money you know..." Joey was then 11 years old. Soon afterwards, he became famous when, in October last year, he was locked away in a secure unit (детская колония) outside Leeds where he was three years younger than any other inmate (заключенный).

§2. Joey grew up with his father, Gerry, a Southern Irish labourer who has not worked regularly for years, and his mother, Maureen, also Irish and barely literate. The neighbours remember Joey playing in the street, running around with his two smaller brothers, banging on the door to ask for cigarettes for Gerry. They say he was a nice kid. They remember him cutting school, too, and thieving, but they don't remember it well. Gerry says he's not too sure when Joey first broke the law. He thinks he stole some crisps for dinner when he was four. In Gerry's family, there has often been trouble with the law: minor crimes, the occasional fight, a succession of brothers and uncles behind bars.

§3. By the time he was 10, thieving was the only game Joey knew. He had 35 arrests behind him and the social workers decided he had to be locked up. They had tried taking him into care but he had simply walked out of the homes where they put him so he was sent to the secure unit at East Moor outside Leeds. He liked it there. It is not like a prison. It is more like a school with extra keys. Hidden there, far from his usual environment, he was a child again. He played with lego. He practised writing. He woke up feeling ill in the night and cried on the principal's shoulder.

§4. Joey is due to be released from the secure unit in February. Everyone who has dealt with him is sure that he will go straight back to his old ways. They have two options: lock him up or let him go. Everyone knows the danger of locking up a child: it floats him in a pool with older criminals. Yet letting him go is no better, not when it means returning to the dirty streets of the city. Joey is not the only child like this. Every English city has them. Joey just happens to be the famous one. He's bright and he's brave and the psychiatrists agree he is normal. He is, by nature, anxious to please. In the secure unit now, he conforms with everything around him.

If you throw a child into the sea, it will drown. If you throw it into an English ghetto, it will grow up like Joey.

A36. Joey became famous because

1) he had committed so many burglaries.

2) he was always being arrested.

- 3) he was the youngest inmate in the secure unit.
- A37. What can the neighbours recall about Joey?
 - 1) He smoked cigarettes.
 - 2) He was a bully.
 - 3) He ignored school.
- A38. Why was it decided that Joey should go to a secure unit?
 - 1) He refused to give up thieving.
 - 2) He kept running away from the homes.
 - 3) He was too old for the children's home.
- A39. What does the writer think is the main cause of Joey's behaviour?
 - 1) He is a victim of his own circumstances.
 - 2) He has been forced to behave in an anti-social way.
 - 3) He has been badly treated by the police.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. environment (§3)

1) scenery

2) ecology

3) company

A41. anxious (§4)

1) afraid

2) disinterested

3) willing

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. They had tried taking him into care (§3)

1) Они пытались отдать его под опеку

2) Они старались окружить его заботой

3) Они пробовали обращаться с ним осторожно

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер вы-

бранного варианта в бланке ответов. I studied Theatre Arts at university and had intended to end up working as a stage manager in a theatre. However, during one summer holiday I did some voluntary work with a children's theatre group and I met a number of casting agents - people whose job it is to look for children to take part in any new production. They do this by holding auditions - which are rather like interviews - where they can assess a child's acting ability.

(A44) ____ It was fascinating sitting in on the auditions. Children whom I thought were brilliant, who could sing and dance and had such confidence were not always the ones who got the parts. The casting agents would explain that one of the things they were looking for was how photogenic the child would appear in front of the camera, so each audition is videoed and watched on a monitor at the same time as the child is performing live.

(A45) ____ Three people usually sat in on each audition and the director made the final decision. The schedule was always very tight and auditions were held in a different place each day for a period of up to two weeks at a time. So they were constantly on the move and might audition up to a hundred young hopefuls in one day. I spent two days accompanying children to these auditions, and it was that experience that attracted me to the profession. However, when I first left university I worked as a personal assistant to the Production Manager of a children's animation and cartoon company. Then one day I heard that a TV company was looking for a casting agent and I applied for and got the job.

(A46) ____ I was prepared for the hard work and the travel but one thing that I was completely unprepared for was the emotional strain of the job. You arrive at the hall where the auditions are being held to be greeted by hundreds of young people all desperate to be chosen. And sometimes, however good they are, they are simply not right for the

part, so you end up disappointing the vast majority of these kids.

- (A47) ____ In an ideal world you'd like to be able to offer everyone a job. But it is a very competitive world and if you can't survive these knocks early on when you're still a teenager, the chances are you've picked the wrong profession. But if you believe in yourself and you can cope with these setbacks, it is worth auditioning over and over again. Sometimes people wait years before they get through an audition and there are no guarantees that you'll succeed in this business.
- (A48) ____ But on the positive side there's enormous job satisfaction to be gained from choosing the right actors for a new production. I know that all the hours I've spent this last month will have been worth it when the first episode of this new soap is broadcast, and perhaps some of these new young faces will go on to become big names in the years ahead.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Selecting the final cast for a new soap opera

2) The purpose of an audition 3) Looking good on the screen

4) The pressures in holding auditions

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46-А48 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Choosing an alternative career

2) Determination is essential

3) Chance of stardom in future

4) Turning down promising actors

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

PUBLIC, AMBITION, AIM, DETERMINE

Hollywood star Bubbles Pratt claims that it was never her intention to become so famous. It all happened accidentally, she says in an interview in *Why?* magazine. According to Bubbles, she wasn't (B1) ... and in fact when she was younger she led a rather (B2) ... life. She just wanted to enjoy herself and before she found fame she didn't have the (B3) ... to reach the top. She says that she never looked for (B4) ... intentionally.

Прочитайте текст (В5—В6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами В5 и В6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B5. It was clear that I would not make it to the play on time. I tried to call to my girlfriend, but she had already left home! I got to the theatre during which the interval in the play. I went in and my girlfriend was sitting in her seat!
- **B6.** I asked her how she had got in. She said that she started getting there very worried when she realised I was late. She thought that it would be stupid to wait outside, so she went to the box office and luckily they were able to tell her which seats I had bought and let her in. So at least one of us saw it the whole musical!

Прочитайте текст (B7—B9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Even though the majority of the Mayas are now Catholic, many of the festivals that they take (B7) ... in are a mixture of the old rituals that their ancestors (B8) ... to practise and more modern Christian elements. (B9) ... was perhaps the Mayas' ability to adapt and change that made it possible for them to survive to the present day.

- **B10.** I wouldn't want (никто) of my parents to know I have a boyfriend.
- B11. Read this and tell me if it (имеет) sense.
- **B12.** Little is known about the accident, (не так ли)?

ВАРИАНТ 2

Часть А

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Amelia Earhart, America's most famous woman pilot, was born into a wealthy family in 1897. At the age of 23, she began taking flying lessons in California and decided to make flying her career.

In 1932 she became the first woman to make a solo flight across the Atlantic. She (A1) ... honours of all kinds.

As her fame (A2) ..., she travelled round the country giving lectures and promoting women's rights.

In 1937, Amelia decided to do something that no woman (A3) ... before — to fly all the way round the world. She reached Australia, and set out on the last part of her journey across the Pacific on July 2nd. A few hours later, she sent a radio message saying she (A4) ... short of fuel. Then there was silence. 9 ships and 66 planes (A5) ... to search the area but were unable to find any sign of her.

Since her death, there have been many stories about her; some say that Amelia (A6) ... by the Japanese, others claim that she lived on a South Pacific island with a fisherman. However, although many people (A7) ... for years to

work out exactly what happened, no trace of her or the plane (A8)

A1.			
1) awarded	2) was awarded	3) was awarding	4) has been awarded
A2.			
1) grew	2) has grown	3) had been grown	4) was grown
A3.			a suit yeersti puoratessi y
1) has tried	2) was trying	3) had tried	4) had been tried
A4.			
1) has run	2) was being run	3) was running	4) was run
A5.			
1) were immediately s 2) had immediately se		were immediately (4) immediately sent	sending
A6.			
1) was captured	2) had captured	3) captured	4) had been capturing
A7.			
1) were trying	2) have tried	3) had been tried	4) are trying
A8.			
1) was ever founded	2) is ever found	3) has ever found	4) has ever been found

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I have just returned from a holiday in Spain, staying at the Bella Vista Hotel, and I am writing to complain

about a number of points.

(A9) ... the first place, I was informed just before my departure that (A10) ... flight time for the outward journey had been changed, so that instead of arriving in the morning and being able to enjoy the rest of the day at the resort, I arrived at nearly midnight. Then, contrary to the information I had been sent, there was no representative to meet me (A11) ... arrival, so I had to take (A12) ... taxi (A13) ... a cost of \$25. I was also dissatisfied with the Bella Vista Hotel. The lift was frequently out of order, the food in the coffee shop was awful, and the 'small extra charge' (A14) ... windsurfing and other activities, mentioned in the information sheet, turned out to be extremely high.

Naturally, I complained to the Cheapotours representative at the time but found her unable or unwilling to do anything to help me. In (A15) ... view of these problems, I feel I have the right to ask for compensation and I think

Yours faithfully, Diana Brown

that 25 % of the cost of the holiday would be (A16) ... acceptable sum.

A9.				
	1) At	2) On	3) In	4) For
A10.				
	1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A11.			S. Emprocheduces	NEISTATE MISSELLE TOUR
	1) by	2) in	3) at	4) on
A12.			Over 1	
	1) a	2) an	3) the	4) –
A13.		0)	2) (()i+L
	1) to	2) at	3) for	4) with
A14.		2) on	3) for	4) with
	1) of	2) on	3) 101	4) With
A15.	1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
	1) a	2) 1111	0) 0110	-/

AIO.			Fax 125 1 Topolis	
	1) a	2) an		4) -
			редложенных вариантов	ответа.
A17.	Alice's mum won't let. 1) her come	with us. 2) her to come	3) her coming	4) she comes
A18.	I remember some key 1) to see	ys on the table but I thou 2) seeing	ught they were my mothe 3) see	er's. 4) saw
040		English English Control of the Contr	at that point the curren	
	1) for	2) so that	3) so as	4) though
	1) far higher	2) much highly		edicted if emissions are not reduced. 4) a lot more higher
		2) John's and Sally's	3) John's and Sally	
			отором допущена ошибк	
A22.	The <u>number of working</u> 1	g <u>hours lost through stri</u> 2	kes have continued to ris 3	se over the last few months.
A23.	She's the kind of perso	n who will change her m	ind dozens times before	making a decision.
	1	2	3	4
A24.	It's very little to choos	<u>e between</u> the two apart 2	ments <u>in terms of</u> space,	so I think we should take <u>the cheaper one</u> .
A25	The two parts of Tower	r Bridge raise to allow sh	nips to go through.	
	The two parts or <u>some</u>	1 2 3	4	
no (A that I minu	of the countryside. I a stained and money char In my experience, a p (A30) In Ribe, I got I should (A31) his f tes, he had (A32) for	arrived at Esbjerg, a connect. A cycle track (A2 person travelling alone into conversation with amily for lunch, and, where me to visit her and he	evenient port for a cyclist sometimes meets with a cheerful man who turn hile we were eating, he continues the continues as the continues are sometimes.	(A28) several small islands and various st's arrival, where tourist information can own to Ribe, where I spent my first night. unexpected hospitality, and this trip was need out to be the local baker. He insisted contacted his daughter in Odense. Within at on my way with a fresh loaf of bread to oliday.
A26.	1) catch	2) pick	3) find	4) gain
A27.				
	1) done	2) brought	3) made	4) received
A28.			60	
	1) include	2) contain	3) constitute	4) consist
A29.	1) rides	2) links	3) connects	4) leads
A30.	1) excuse	2) difference	3) change	4) exception
A31.		2) 000	3) join	4) enjoy
	1) greet	2) see	3) Join	4) enjoy
A32.	1) arranged	2) instructed	3) ordered	4) succeeded
	Выберите ответную ре	плику, подходящую по	смыслу к предложенной	реплике-стимулу.
A33.	Make us some tea, will 1) No, thanks, I've had 2) Black or white?	No. of the Contract of the Con	3) Don't mention it.4) None at all.	
	Выберите реплику-сти	мул, подходящую по см	ыслу к предложенной от	гветной реплике.
A34.	No, I'd rather not.	idn't smoke in front of ch ask her.	nildren.	

A35. Haven't they?

1) The Smiths have already arrived.

2) They haven't got any money on them.

3) Car drivers have to test the brakes regularly.

4) They have invited a famous lecturer for this seminar.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Pauline Koner, born in New York in 1913, was the daughter of Russian immigrants. As a toddler (ребенок), she would dance whenever she heard music. After a performance by the great Russian ballerina Anna Pavlova left a lasting impression on her, the child's destiny seemed to be decided. Shortly afterwards, a family friend recommended that she studied under Michel Fokine, the Russian-born ballet teacher. But Pauline's parents were dismayed to find he charged \$5 a lesson, an unheard-of sum in the 1920s. Pauline's father, a well-known lawyer, came to an agreement with Fokine: he would offer his legal services in exchange for the ballet lessons. Pauline loved Fokine, but classical ballet was not quite for her. 'I couldn't express what I wanted in toe shoes,' she recalled. 'My feet hurt too much.'

§2. Pauline went on to study Spanish and Asian dance, and she performed with Japanese dancers who combined Asian dance with their own particular modern movements. In 1930, Pauline was offered her first solo concert. This so delighted John Martin, an influential critic on The New York Times, that he declared that the programme 'exhibited her unquestionable fight to stand alone.' Pauline continued to dance solos around the world, touring Egypt and Palestine in 1932. She also taught and performed in the Soviet Union from 1934 to 1936, one of the first American dancers to appear

there.

§3. Pauline Koner was always curious about the customs, costumes and dances of other nations. As a child, she would stick National Geographic photos into scrapbooks. She thought that she was able to 'absorb' divergent styles and influences because, as she put it: 'Dance was so much my life that when I studied a dance form, I was really living

that way of dancing and not just keeping in shape.'

§4. Working as a soloist, sometimes offering programmes of twelve to fourteen items, taught her much about performing. She said: 'I soon realised that before the curtain rises, you must go into a state of inner focus so that nothing exists for you except that one moment. Then, when the curtain opens, you and the audience must seem linked together. You must attract the audience to you,' she said. 'I never wanted people just to look at me; I wanted them to feel with me.'

§5. Although usually considered a modern dancer, Pauline enjoyed pointing out that she had never had a modern dance lesson in her life. Rather, she had developed her own modern style after studying a remarkable variety of other styles. But why did she never study modern dance? Pauline answered that question with a bit of history. In the late 1920s, modern dance was so new that there were few modern dance schools in America. By 1930 there were some, but Pauline had already established herself as an artist: she had, in effect, become a modern dancer entirely on her own.

A36. How did Pauline Koner feel about Michel Fokine's lessons?

1) She felt they didn't really bring out her real talent.

2) She wondered whether her parents couldn't really afford them.

3) She felt they were her only chance to learn.

A37. What do we learn about Pauline in the second paragraph?

- She was better known abroad than in her own country.
- 2) She received some praise for her attempt to be different.
- 3) She was finding it difficult to create a style that suited her.

A38. Pauline talked about 'a state of inner focus' in order to stress

- 1) her contact with the audience.
- 2) her initial nervousness.
- 3) her deep concentration.

A39. When modern dance schools became available, Pauline felt that

- 1) their standards were low.
- 2) she would like to start one herself.
- 3) she did not have need of one.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. dismayed (§1)

1) amused

2) satisfied

3) upset

A41. divergent (§3)

1) complex

2) different

3) original

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. ... the child's destiny seemed to be decided. (§1)

- 1) ... судьба ребенка, казалось, была предрешена.
- 2) ... оказалось, что судьба ребенка уже определена.
- 3) ... судьба ребенка, как оказалось, решена.

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

When my flight touched down at Zurich a large group at the front of the plane burst into spontaneous applause. Nervous flyers? Friends of the pilot, perhaps? Or proud Swiss citizens delighted to be walking once more along their beloved native soil?

(A43) ____ If the latter explanation is the correct one, the clapping passengers could be forgiven their little fit of national pride, for when it comes to peace, harmony and prosperity, the Swiss have it all. They invented the idea of neutrality, and have avoided international disagreements for over 400 years including the previous century's two exceedingly nasty global conflicts.

(A44) _____ The country's 6.8 million citizens enjoy the highest incomes and standards of living in the world. They're also remarkably good at getting along with one another, in spite of the fact that there are three national languages, German, Italian and French, and a fourth, unofficial one, Romanch. Switzerland has one of the lowest

crime rates in Europe. All in all, a pretty enviable situation, I'm sure you'll agree.

(A45) _____ As every attentive schoolboy will tell you, Zurich is not the capital of Switzerland — nearby Bern is. However, it is the largest and the most populous city, and capital of the country's most densely populated canton (οκργγ). Founded by the Romans, it was built on the shore of a long lake, between the rivers Limmat and Sihl. Like most Swiss cities, it is compact and conveniently laid out. It is also very attractive, with plenty to interest the historically conscious.

(A46) Everything works, the trains run on time and it's really, really clean. The waters of the River Limmat and Lake Zurich are apparently clean enough to drink, let alone swim in, and they look it. The Swiss are justly proud of their reserves of clean water. Many important European rivers, including the Rhine and the Rhone, originate

in Switzerland.

(A47) Most international visitors to Zurich arrive at the 'Hauptbanhof', or main railway station, which is 13 minutes by highly efficient train from the highly efficient airport. Directly in front of the main entrance to the Hauptbanhof, is Banhofstrasse, the main shopping street, which stretches southwards to the lakefront and is lined with all manner of expensive and extremely expensive department stores and boutiques. In short, a credit card holder's nightmare, though there are quite a number of comparatively reasonable shops mixed in with all the outrageous ones.

(A48) _____ But it hasn't always been such a peaceful place. In the 1980s, Zurich developed a huge heroin problem, and so many addicts began congregating (собираться) in Platz-promenade that it became known as Needle Park, which must have thrilled the Zurich tourist board skinny. In 1992, however, the authorities cracked down (принимать жесткие меры), removed the addicts and began closing the park at night so they couldn't return. And so far, they have not.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) On arrival

3) What there is to know about it

2) It's nice to live there!

4) Well-deserved applause

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46-А48 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

You can drink it!
 Let's go sightseeing

3) Be careful! You may spend it all

4) Problems in Paradise

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

IMPOSSIBLE, ANNOUNCE, CREDIBLE, INFLUENCE

It is **(B1)** ... to think that as recently as 1903, many of the world's leading scientists were still absolutely certain that people would never fly. An **(B2)** ... US professor declared in that year that a flying machine was an **(B3)** ... because something which was heavier than the air itself could not take off. But just a few weeks later, came the surprise **(B4)** ... that two brothers from Ohio named Wright had built just such a machine.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B5 и B6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** The famous musician, Pablo Casals, tells in his autobiography how he once received of a letter from a special orchestra in a village which in the mountains of the Republic of Georgia: the letter invited him to play with the orchestra.
- **B6.** The orchestra had a rule that only people who were over than 100 years old could play with them. Casals who was a 'young' man of only 80 at the time, but because he was such a famous musician, the orchestra decided to make an exception in his case.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

When we first moved to England there were a lot of things I had to become accustomed to very quickly. There were the differences that everyone notices, (B7) ... the grey skies and the rain, the green fields and the hills; but also (B8) ... immediately obvious things that I wasn't familiar with, (B9) ... as the long spring and the lack of light in winter. I don't think I'll ever find it normal to go to school in the morning in the pitch dark.

- **В10.** If we continue to use the world's resources at an alarming rate, there will soon be (никаких) of them left.
- В11. What really (действует) on my nerves is people who push on the bus and don't apologise.
- B12. There's very little money left, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

No sooner (A1) ... her routine programme than the audience began to clap and cheer. Finally they (A2) ... to their feet to show their appreciation for a brilliant performance. Is this unusual? Not really — except for the age of the skater. Rita Pandit is just ten years old. Experts (A3) ... that she will become one of the greatest skaters the world (A4)

Rita's parents are proud of their gifted daughter. They (A5) ... when she (A6) ... the winner of the competition. Having such a talented child has both benefits and difficulties. "Financially it can be especially tough. We (A7) ... of getting into debt as we have to pay for equipment, costumes, travelling to competitions and private lessons. We (A8) ... about £5,000 so far," said Maribel, Rita's mother.

A1.			
 the ice-skater finis has the ice-skater 	shed finished	3) had the ice-skater 4) the ice-skater had	
A2.			
1) raised	2) rose	3) had raised	4) have risen
A3.			
1) are predicting	2) predicted	3) are predicted	4) were predicting
A4.			
1) had ever seen	2) will ever be seen	3) was ever seeing	4) has ever seen
A5.			
1) were crying	2) have been crying	3) had cried	4) were cried
A6.			
1) announced	was announced	3) was announcing	4) had announced
A7.			
 have terrified 	2) are terrified	3) are terrifying	4) have been terrifying
A8.	140	200	7000 IV
1) will spend	2) are spending	3) will have spent	4) have spent

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

From the city of Perth in (A9) ... Western Australia it is two thousand miles to the nearest large centre of population. This is not, however, a forgotten backwater (заводь). (A10) ... the contrary, Perth is a sophisticated modern city that offers a great deal (A11) ... terms of entertainment and places of interest. You can head (A12) ... the suburb of Freemantle which contains most of the tourist attractions, including excellent beaches as well as (A13) ... good range of international restaurants and hotels.

Perth is the ideal base from which to explore Australia. You can visit the nearby Yanchep National Park, where the traditional aboriginal way of life survives, or take (A14) ... boat across to (A15) ... Rottnest Island and go diving (A16) ... the clear blue waters of the Indian Ocean. And, of course, like everywhere in Australia, you'll be made to

feel very welcome indeed.

A9.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.			
1) At	2) For	3) On	4) In
A11.			
1) on	2) in	3) at	4) by
A12.			
1) for	2) up	3) off	4) at
A13.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A14.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A15.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A16.			
1) at	2) on	3) in	4) with

	Прочитайте предложен	ия. Выберите один из пр	едложенных вариантов о	ответа.
A17.	You can often make so 1) someone doing	omething through persu 2) someone to do	asion. 3) someone do	4) someone's doing
A18.	We regret you that you to informing	our account is overdrawn 2) informing	n. 3) inform	4) to inform
A19.	The flower-pot had been 1) because	n put on the top of the c 2) so that	upboard it wouldn't ge 3) in order	t broken. 4) so as
A20.	The animals in the safar 1) far freely	i park can roam than i 2) much more free	in the zoo. 3) much more freely	4) more freer
A21.	The wife was one of the state of the sta		en I'd ever met before. 3) commander-in-chief 4) commander's-in-chie	
	Укажите номер подчерн	кнутого фрагмента, в ко	тором допущена ошибка	
A22.	A great number of toys 1	manufactured today dev 2	velops <u>the children's</u> imag 3 4	gination.
A23.	On the page three of the	e magazine <u>there's</u> <u>an ad</u> 2	vertisement for a new vid	leo camera.
A24.	It's no doubt that she ca	an produce work that is	equal to anyone else's in l	her class.
	1 2		3 4	
A25.	I have borrowed her tw	o thousand pounds but i 2	it seems to me that she is: 3	n't going <u>to pay it back</u> .
a wor woul	reading is generally (A nan's activity and this p Another factor could b d rather (A31) up lea	30) either by mother buts them off it. e that boys are generall	rs or by female primary s ly more competitive than	nd girls learn to read. They believe that, school teachers, many boys see reading as a girls. When they can't be the best, they much happier to be second best.
A26.	1) acted	2) behaved	3) performed	4) succeeded
A27.	1) make	2) do	3) go	4) have
A28.	1) brought	2) raised	3) given	4) grown
A29.	1) cause	2) goal	3) reason	4) objective
A30.	1) learned	2) studied	3) known	4) taught
A31.	1) take	2) give	3) break	4) turn
A32.	1) regard	2) consider	3) think	4) seem
	Выберите ответную рег	лику, подходящую по с	мыслу к предложенной р	реплике-стимулу.
A33.	Thanks for your help.			
	1) It was no bother at a 2) The same to you.	11.	3) Oh, nothing much.4) None at all.	
	Выберите реплику-стим	тул, подходящую по смы	ыслу к предложенной отв	ветной реплике.
A34.	Not in the least. 1) Thanks a lot for driv. 2) What about going or		3) Do you mind if I spe 4) How do you like my	
A35.	Can't you?			
	1) I can win the election 2) I can't use the compu		3) I couldn't get tickets4) I can come to the cir	s after all, they were all sold out. nema with Bob.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. When Tony Carney arrived at the bakery which he runs in the English market town of Banbury last Thursday, he sensed that something was not quite right. And sure enough, soon he spotted a line of footprints on the floury floor. There had been a burglary, and a tray of cakes, baked a few hours earlier and left to cool, had disappeared. However, further investigation established that this was not just the work of a hungry thief, because in the office

a filing box where the recipes had been kept was lying empty.

§2. Tony Carney is one of two partners in the Banbury Cake Company which claims to make the world's only authentic Banbury cake. In case you haven't heard of the Banbury cake, it's an oval shaped parcel of flaky (слоеный) pastry which is filled with a dried fruit mixture, which has been made in the town for over 400 years. The company is keen to revive the export trade. One master baker in the 1840s baked as many as 140,000 a year and found a market for them in places as far afield as India, North America and Australia. The company's recipe is, therefore, a much-prized secret and last Thursday's break-in was almost certainly an attempt to steal it. Fortunately, the company had recently removed the recipe to a secret location where it is being kept under lock and key, so all the thief got away with were some old bread recipes, and 240 cakes. Yet news of the break-in has been front-page news in Banbury where they take their cakes very seriously. And part of the appeal lies in the mystique of the recipe itself, because it has remained a closely guarded secret, passed down from master baker to master baker over the centuries.

§3. The present crisis began earlier this year when the baker who had been making the cakes for over twenty years decided to retire. As at first no one was quite sure what would happen to the bakery, a number of skilled staff left to work in a new supermarket that was opening locally. Then the new partnership was formed and took over the

bakery, receiving the ancient recipe as part of the deal.

§4. So there seems little doubt that the break-in at the bakery was actually an attempt to steal the recipe. But as Tony explained, just because you have the recipe, doesn't mean that you have the skill to actually make the cakes successfully. The important part of the recipe is the cake's filling, which is made from dried fruit plus a number of secret ingredients. Even though you have the list of ingredients, you might not know how to combine them or what to do to make the cake that tastes just right.

- A36. What first alerted Tony to the fact that there had been a burglary?
 - 1) He realised something had been broken.
 - 2) He had a feeling something was wrong.
 - He noticed something was missing.
- **A37.** What is the company's main claim to fame?
 - 1) It makes the only real Banbury cakes.
 - It has a very big market for its cakes.
 Its cakes are known all over the world.
- A38. Some staff left the bakery because they felt
 - 1) distrustful of the new owners.
 - 2) uncertainty about the future.
 - 3) loyalty to the previous owner.
- A39. According to Tony, anyone trying to make the cakes would find the recipe
 - 1) easy to follow.
 - 2) too old to be useful.
 - 3) inadequate on its own.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. claims (§2)

1) declares

2) agrees

3) promises

A41. actually (§4)

1) quickly

2) really

3) independently

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

- A42. And sure enough, soon he spotted a line of footprints on the floury floor. (§1)
 - 1) И скорее всего, он быстро нашел следы на усыпанном мукой полу.
 - 2) С уверенностью он разглядел линию шагов на полу, усыпанном мукой.
 - 3) И действительно, вскоре он увидел дорожку следов на усыпанном мукой полу.

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

The use of plants for healing (лечение) is undoubtedly the world's oldest therapy. Since the dawn of humanity a knowledge of herbal remedies, i.e. remedies made from plants, has been handed down from generation to generation. With the growth of artificial drug (лекарство) manufacture, the direct use of plants became unfashionable for a while, but in recent times there has been renewed interest in herbalism as a system of medicine that is safe, natural and cheap.

(A43) ____ The main purpose of herbal remedies is to activate the body's own natural healing abilities. Like the artificial drugs of traditional medicine, many herbs also have antibiotic properties, but unlike the artificial ones they rapidly return the body to a healthy state without any harmful side-effects. When correctly prescribed, herbs can be combined to heal any organ of the body unless it has been totally destroyed.

(A44) _____ The earliest known records of medicinal herbs are from northern China and date from about 5,000 years ago. Egyptian records go back almost as far and the herbs mentioned in these old records are still in use today. There is evidence that herbal remedies formed the major part of medical practice around the world for several millennia (тысячелетие).

(A45) ____ However, from the 16th century onwards the separation between herbalism and traditional medicine became wider and wider. Scientists started the use of chemical substances (which were often poisonous) and it became normal practice to use surgery in many areas. By the 19th century, although knowledge of herbalism

had grown considerably, herbal cures were increasingly out of fashion.

(A46) ____ About 40 % of modern medicines now used in traditional medical practice are artificial variations of plant ingredients and several well-known 'wonder drugs' such as aspirin are in fact extracted from traditional medicinal herbs. Unfortunately, the process of extracting single ingredients, and using them separately, usually produces unwanted side-effects, because it destroys the balance of the whole herb.

(A47) ____ Universities and other research institutions have confirmed the value of the traditional use of whole herbs and also of the herbalists' tradition of picking plant remedies at certain times of day. They have found that

at particular times the plants contain more of the substances that give them their healing powers.

(A48) _____ Today, medical herbalists combine a detailed understanding of the human body with knowledge of a vast list of herbal remedies. Furthermore, they are trained to search out the root cause of an illness. Many herbs will provide temporary relief but it takes an experienced practitioner to identify the cause. For this reason it is wisest to consult a professional, even if you have read about the value of a remedy for the illness you suffer from.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Plants have an advantage over artificial remedies

2) Traditional medicine replaces herbalism in popularity3) Herbalism has been well documented since ancient times

4) Information becomes more widely available

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46-А48 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

Science now supports the herbalists' methods
 Herbalists' methods vary according to training

3) The use of artificial medicines has a serious drawback

4) It is important not to try to treat yourself

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

ACCURACY, NERVE, CONVERSE, SIGNIFICANT

If you've applied for a job, you may have to talk to your potential employer on the phone or see him in person. You shouldn't look upon this (B1) ... as (B2) ..., just because you are sitting at home. Concentrate on your speech delivery and think about what you want to say. Focus on the exact purpose of the call and answer their questions (B3) Try to set an exact time for the interview so that you can avoid (B4) ... waiting, even if it's an introductory interview.

Прочитайте текст (В5—В6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами В5 и В6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** My first job was delivering newspapers in a small city. My route wasn't far from where I lived, so it was easy to finish the job quickly on every day. Having said that, I don't mean to imply that it was always been easy.
- **B6**. On Sundays, the papers were very thick; the full bag weighed it heavily on my ten-year-old shoulder. Collecting money every one week from my customers was a chore I didn't particularly enjoy.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Paul and Simon decided to go on an expedition in the mountains. Simon normally objected to doing anything dangerous, but he agreed to (B7) ... part this time. Unfortunately, during their trip (B8) ... was a terrible storm. They decided that it was no (B9) ... trying to continue in such bad weather conditions so they ended up setting up camp in the mountains. Eventually the storm stopped and although they were cold, wet and starving, they couldn't resist finishing their climb.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B10. Some people are able to write with (любой) hand.

B11. It (имеет) no sense to invest more money in a project that is so obviously a failure.

B12. No one seems to care about the environment, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (A1) ... as one of history's most famous child prodigies. By the age of eight, he (A2) ... in half the great cities of Europe and was about to write his first three symphonies. He died shortly before his 36th birthday, but the world (A3) ... him as one of the finest composers who ever lived.

For centuries, people (A4) ... by children of unusual talent. However, success (A5) ... happiness to prodigies. John Stuart Mill, the 19th-century British philosopher, suffered a serious mental crisis when he was 20. Other well-

known prodigies have had experiences similar to his.

Those who (A6) ... today's prodigies have observed that they (A7) ... under the great weight of their loneliness. In school, they become bored, frustrated, and they do not attempt to learn at all. If ten-year-old geniuses (A8) ... to universities because of their mental abilities, they usually can't fit in since emotionally they are still children.

A1.			
1) remembers 2) had been remembered		3) is remembered4) has remembered	
A2.			
 was performed would have per 	formed	3) had performed4) was performing	
A3.		Mr. Au	
1) recognises 2) is recognised		3) has been recognised 4) have recognised	
A4.			
1) had been amazing 2) are amazed		3) were amazing 4) have been amazed	
A5.			
1) has not always brought 2) was not always brought		3) had not always bru 4) is not always brou	
A6.			
1) had closely studied 2) are closely studied		 will have closely s have closely studie 	
A7.		F	
1) had lived	2) lived	3) had been living	4) live
A8.			- "
1) have sent	2) are sent	3) had been sent	4) are sending

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

People's tastes (A9) ... food change naturally with age. As they get older, people tend to develop a taste for the food that is supposed to be good for us all. (A10) ... women's magazines I buy are full of advice (A11) ... healthy

eating, but you never really know what advice to take seriously.

I certainly try to eat (A12) ... recommended five portions of fruit or vegetables a day — I think that sounds like good advice. But when it comes (A13) ... dieting and trying to lose weight through (A14) ... healthy eating programme, I am not so sure. One moment they are all saying 'don't eat any fat', then suddenly it's 'make sure you eat some fat, but don't (A15) ... any circumstances eat any sugar.' I think it's far better to eat a balanced diet, not too much of anything, and to take (A16) ... regular exercise. That's the only way really to stay healthy and happy.

A9.			
1) on	2) in	3) at	4) with
A10.			
1) A	2) An	3) The	4) —
A11.			
1) at	2) for	3) of	4) about
A12.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A13.			
1) for	2) to	3) at	4) on
A14.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A15.			
1) with	2) at	3) on	4) under
A16.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
		10	

	Прочитайте предложен	ия. Выберите один из про	едложенных вариантов о	ответа.
A17.	I saw a few minutes a 1) him leave	fter the bell had rung. 2) him left	3) he leaving	4) him to leave
A18.		e lights off before we cam 2) to switch	e out? 3) switched	4) switch
A19.	I made up my mind to s 1) although	stop and have a snack, I 2) for	was feeling hungry. 3) so that	4) so as
A20.	She seems now that s 1) a lot happily	he's got a new job. 2) much happy	3) much happily	4) a lot happier
A21.		rsity advanced with such	8 8 8 8	
	Укажите номер подчер	кнутого фрагмента, в кот	ором допущена ошибка	no, a state
A22.	The <u>number of women</u> 1	in the committee have gr 2	own steadily and now th 3	ey are <u>in the majority</u> . 4
A23.	Complete the sentence 1	three so that it has a mea 2	ning <u>similar to</u> the secon 3 4	nd sentence.
A24.	There's his fourth attend	npt at flying a balloon are 2 3	ound the world solo. 4	
A25.	The campaign aims to 1	rise awareness of the dang 2 3	gers of passive smoking. 4	
and s (A29 price) After look a mic	Bonsai trees have alwa These trees are actually Rather like other small to it doesn't come as a) from the homes of is to unsuspecting buyer One of Britain's top co losing his life's work, into the possibilities of rochip into the trunk (y real and identical to the and perfectly-formed art great surprise to find the growers and collectors, the state of the surprise of bonsai trees, I (A30) at £250,000, a electronically tagging the	reat fascination to people ir larger cousins in all (cifacts, bonsai trees commat they also (A28) hen repotted (пересажирац Widdington, believ when burglars broke in trees that he bought; lis quite (A31) that	le. They are perfect miniatures, grown in (A27) except their size. nand quite a high price in the marketplace the attention of thieves. They are often ивать в другой горшок) and sold at good less that he has found a solution, however. to his home one night, Paul decided to as a replacement. This involves injecting it doesn't (A32) thieves from stealing
A26.	V22: (22)		G	
	1) root	2) base	3) source	4) goal
A27.	1) concerns	2) respects	3) matters	4) regards
	1) offer	2) inquire	3) appeal	4) attract
A29.	1) robbed	2) stolen	3) escaped	4) removed
A30.	1) prized	2) accounted	3) valued	4) earned
	1) aware	2) known	3) familiar	4) ignorant
A32.	1) preserve	2) prevent	3) prohibit	4) protect
A33.	What about working or	плику, подходящую по с vertime on Saturday, Jim nething already arranged answer.	?	реплике-стимулу.
	Выберите реплику-сти	иул, подходящую по смы	слу к предложенной отв	ветной реплике.
A34.	It's very likely. 1) Do you think they w 2) Please, let me go to t	vill win or lose?	3) How do you like his 4) Do you think the pro	decision to leave?
A35.	Would you? 1) I wouldn't have beer	n waiting so long if the po ating about the bush and out her if I were you.	olice had arrived earlier.	46-J

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Formula one motor racing is an international sport. Many of the leading formula one racing teams base their operations in Britain. This is surprising because Britain no longer has a car manufacturing industry of any great significance. So why do the formula one teams choose to work there? In part the answer lies in the long tradition of mechanical engineering in British universities which continue to turn out highly-skilled graduates in the subject.

§2. At Birmingham University the engineering department has specialised in preparing students for a career in the motor-racing industry. Students have designed and built a single-seater racing car as part of their course. Each third-year student took sole responsibility for a section of the car, for example, the engine, bodywork (кузов) or

brakes, and the work was assessed as part of the students' final degree mark.

§3. This October, Martin Corsham, the student responsible for the engine on last year's course, is starting work as a trainee with one of the world's leading formula one teams. It is a dream job that makes every other mechanical engineering student in the country feel more than slightly envious. It's a job that Corsham is certain he would not have got without the hands-on (практический) experience he gained at Birmingham. This was the first engine that I'd worked on completely on my own', he says. 'I turned a motorcycle engine into an engine for the racing car. I don't think I've got words to describe that feeling of great pride when I drove the car with my engine in it, it was wonderful.'

§4. Ian Stewart, who was responsible for the bodywork on the car, also found the whole experience very valuable, if a little **frustrating**. 'It's difficult relying on other people finalising their part before you can do yours,' he remembers. Stewart spent his whole Christmas holidays producing a model of the bodywork at home. He returned to college to

find a few crucial details on other parts of the car had been changed and he had to start again.

§5. The idea for the racing car programme originally came from the students themselves. Reading about an annual competition for racing-car builders in Detroit, USA, students on the course decided that they too would be capable of designing and building their own car. The university was quick to see the value of the idea and gave its backing. Last May, the team took the car they had built to Detroit. Although the team was new to the competition, their car impressed the judges. The project has proved very successful, not only as a practical demonstration of the students' theoretical studies, but also in allowing them to get their hands dirty and impress future employers.

A36. On the Birmingham University course, each of the students

builds a complete racing car.

2) works with professional racing drivers.3) has a separate area of responsibility.

A37. How do other students view Martin's new job?

1) They are jealous of him.

2) They are encouraged by it.3) They are proud of him.

A38. Which part of the project did Martin find most rewarding?

working without assistance
 the moment the engine started

driving the finished car

A39. What did Ian Stewart find most difficult about the project?

1) working in the holidays

2) being dependent on other people

3) getting the details right

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. frustrating (§4)

1) exciting

2) satisfying

3) disappointing

A41. backing (§5)

1) support

2) refuse

3) price

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. ... which continue to turn out highly-skilled graduates in the subject. (§1)

1) ... которые продолжают выпускать высококвалифицированных специалистов в данной области.

2) ... среди которых продолжают появляться способные выпускники в данной области.

3) ... которые продолжают успешно конкурировать с высококвалифицированными специалистами в этой сфере.

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

(A43) ____ The world's first underground railway (the Tube) opened in London in January 1863. Today there are 11 lines serving 272 stations, the busiest of which, King's Cross, sees the start and finish of around 70 million journeys a year. But the system is in crisis — mainly as a result of underinvestment. Overcrowding combined with poor reliability can lead to problems for travellers, particularly those who use the Tube during its busiest hours.

(A44) ____ This report looks at service and safety on the Underground. It's based on the findings of our survey of passengers. Last June we interviewed 1,698 Tube travellers outside 46 Underground stations in London; 517 regular travellers (those using the Tube throughout the year on three or more days each week) were contacted

again and asked more detailed questions by phone.

(A45) Since 1981 the number of passengers using the Tube has increased by almost half. The increase in passengers has not been matched by an expansion of the Underground system and there is widespread congestion (столпотворение), particularly during the six peak hours when over 60 per cent of all journeys are made. London Underground Limited (LU) states that over the busiest rush hour no more than one person should have to stand for each seated passenger. But LU's own statistics show that this standard is often not met over large areas of track on a daily basis.

Forty-three per cent of regular travellers had missed an appointment or been late for something (A46) in the two weeks before the survey because of delays on the Underground. They mentioned graffiti, rubbish and generally dirty conditions as one of the aspects of the Underground's service they disliked. LU's figures show it has

made progress in dealing with rubbish at major stations but graffiti remains a serious problem.

(A47) _____ Well over half of the regular travellers said they were dissatisfied with the information provided when something goes wrong on the system; 72 per cent of those who were dissatisfied complained that the information was wrong or given too late; 49 per cent couldn't hear or understand what was said. LU told us that a new system has been installed, which should mean clearer messages. However, the new system applies only to messages broadcast within stations; those coming from a central control room may not improve for some time to come.

Most of this report reflects the experiences of regular Tube travellers but we also asked those who do not travel every day for their views. The most popular type of ticket bought by these travellers was a one-day pass. Few appeared to have had problems finding their way around the system - 89 per cent said finding their way around

was 'easy'.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43—А45 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Overcrowded

- 2) Under pressure
- 3) A waste of time
- 4) Passengers' opinions count

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Outdated

- 2) Poor announcements
- 3) Occasional users

4) Unreliable

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

IDENTIFY, OWNER, ABLE, ATTENDED

The crime of bicycle theft may be on the increase, but there are certain steps you can take which will significantly reduce the chance of your cycle being stolen. First, use a good quality lock, and never leave your cycle (B1) ... even if 'only for a minute'. It is very useful to keep a note of your cycle's model and frame number, in case you ever need to give a description to the police. These details will also (B2) ... you to prove that the bike is yours in any dispute over (B3) But remember that (B4) ... of your cycle is almost impossible if you have removed any of the manufacturer's stickers.

Прочитайте текст (В5-В6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами В5 и В6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B5. When he was made redundant four years ago, John Spencer set it up his own business which dealing in rare and second-hand books. "I didn't expect to lose my job," he said.
- B6. "It happened very suddenly and I knew it would be difficult to find out another one. I'd always been interested in books, so that seemed be a good business to choose. I run the business from home and send and receive books by post so I don't need my own premises."

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Society has changed in many ways with the introduction of computers, and people's lives at home and at the office have been affected. Most people are working for fewer hours per week than they used to, and manufacturers are becoming much (B7) ... interested in how people spend this extra leisure time. One recent report stated that nowadays many managers would rather spend time with their families (B8) ... stay late in the office every day. Home life is seen to be just as important as working. In spite of these changes, some people are working harder than (B9) ... before.

- B10. Will you please give me (eщe) few minutes to check the test?
- B11. Yesterday the company president (дал понять) it clear that he was not going to change his mind.
- B12. No one wants to come, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Under new plans which (A1) ... by the Milan government, the city centre (A2) ... of pigeons. Around half of the city's pigeons will be captured and removed to the countryside. The idea (A3) ... forward by the environment official of Milan who is concerned by complaints that the pigeons' droppings (A4) ... the historical monuments and churches of the city. The pigeons are also blamed by health officials for carrying a tick (клещ) which (A5) ... allergies.

Farmers are now unhappy at the thought that a large number of pigeons (A6) ... from the city to the country and they predict the loss of their crops. However, the Milan authorities (A7) ... to a decision to rid the city of its pigeon problem. The environment official said that serious measures (A8) ... by the government by the end of the year.

A1.					
	 are recently propose have recently propose 		3) recently proposed 4) have recently been proposed		
A2.			San Carrier of Carrier of Assessment	•	
	 will soon be cleared is soon clearing 		3) has soon been cleared 4) will soon have cleared		
A3.					
	1) puts 2) has been put		3) is putting 4) had been put		
44.					
	1) had gradually destro 2) are gradually being (are gradually destroying have gradually been destroyed		
A5.					
	1) would cause	2) caused	3) is caused	4) causes	
A6.				57 - 64 (6.00) (6.00) (6.00)	
	1) will bring	2) will be brought	3) are bringing	4) had been brought	
A7.			·		
	1) had come already 2) were already coming		3) have already come4) came already		
A8.					
	1) will have taken	2) will be taken	3) would be taking	4) would have been taken	
	Прочитайте текст Выба	DATE OFFILMS TREETERN	OUR IN BORNOUTOR OTROTO		

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Of (A9) ... five senses, (A10) ... smell is probably the one that you value the least. Yet your sense of smell is the most direct link between the brain and the outside world. It takes two seconds for a smell to enter the nose and travel to (A11) ... part of the brain which controls emotions and memories. Exactly how your sense of smell influences your emotions, however, is not fully understood.

Nevertheless, a sense of smell can even influence your relationships (A12) ... other people. Apparently, you fall

in love through your nose, not your eyes or your ears.

Moreover, 84 per cent of people who were taking part (A13) ... one famous study said they were more likely to buy (A14) ... particular brand of trainers, when they were placed in a room smelling (A15) ... flowers. This kind of knowledge can be used to influence people's spending habits (A16) ... a sub-conscious level, and could obviously be useful in selling all sorts of things from clothing to cars.

A9.	G		
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) -
A11.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A12.			(1955)
1) with	2) to	3) for	4) at
A13.			
1) at	2) on	3) to	4) in
A14.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) -
A15.			
1) of	2) with	3) by	4) —
A16.		322 - 3375	
1) in	2) at	3) of	4) with

	Прочитайте предложен	ия. Выберите один из про	едложенных вариантов (ответа.
	Many people know that 1) us to feel	chocolate contains some 2) us feeling	e stimulants which help of 3) us feel	concentration and make better. 4) we feel
	While walking along th	e streets, we stopped p 2) take	oictures of the old buildir 3) taking	ngs. 4) took
	andrew or many trees are	ew hours before the pop 2) so that		ald get the best view of the stage. 4) in order
A20.	The noise from the mot 1) much loudly	orway traffic was than 2) far more louder	I thought. 3) a lot louder	4) far more loud
	The long walk in the cri 1) Zoe and Ann	isp autumn countryside l 2) Zoe's and Ann's		y pink glow. 4) Zoe's and Ann
	Укажите номер подчери	кнутого фрагмента, в кот	ором допущена ошибка	
		s <u>finds</u> it <u>quite hard</u> to <u>liv</u> 1 2		
A23.	By <u>the late fiftieth</u> scien 1	tists <u>had already collected</u> 2	d enough evidence to sho	<u>w a clear link between</u> smoking and cancer. 4
A24.	It's no doubt that this n	ew type of tyre represent	ts a major advance in roa 3	d safety.
A25.	I have some research to	do before I <u>lie the case b</u>	efore the committee.	
	1	2 3	4	
are year community (A29 this, i its Ja	Are you a fan of the poor whom somebody whom somebody whom feature of newspar Sudoku's great success.) knowledge. The on Some clever marketing t is unlikely that it wou panese name that made	no is. Once hardly kno per puzzle pages all over s owes much to its simp ly skill required is the al has helped the game. W ld have taken off and bed	(A26) by the name S wn outside Japan, this the world. dicity. The game (A28) bility to (A30) the di estern newspapers work come quite such a runaw f the world (A32) it	Sudoku? Even if you are not, the chances addictive (A27) teaser has become for neither mathematical ability nor fference between nine different symbols. ed hard at promoting the game. Without yay success. The game also (A31) from as a superior kind of puzzle compared to
A26.	jua agamij ma m ne	Ababan min monance		
AZO.	1) becomes	2) grows	3) turns	4) goes
A27.	1) brain	2) mind	3) head	4) intellect
A28.	.,	-,		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×
	1) expects	2) demands	3) calls	4) requests
A29.	1) general	2) normal	3) usual	4) ordinary
A30.	1) copy	2) match	3) watch	4) recognise
A31.				
	1) suffered	2) improved	3) benefited	4) increased
A32.	1) believe	2) regard	3) look	4) suppose
	- P. F. Landson St. Co.	лику, подходящую по с	мыслу к предложенной к	реплике-стимулу
		u really shouldn't have b		
	1) Don't worry, I won't. 2) No, not at all.		3) It doesn't matter. 4) It was nothing, reall	y.
	Выберите реплику-стим	лул, подходящую по смы	слу к предложенной отв	ветной реплике.
A34.	May I see your receipt	}		ture. May I have my money back?
	2) Do you have the rem	.edy I need? V, but I'm not sure whetl		
	So have we.	10 (ABB 25)		
	1) They've bought a ne	w house in the country.		
	2) They have no money 3) They have never bee	on them.		

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Thirty-five years ago, Malcolm Burwell was a very successful young actor appearing in a number of series on British television. He was lucky, he'd made it to the top quite quickly and had plenty of work. Hollywood directors had even begun to suggest that he might like to think of making his fortune across the Atlantic. But two things made Malcolm think twice about these offers. He didn't want to move his young family to the USA, and a mystery illness was beginning to throw his whole future into doubt.

§2. Malcolm had a problem with his voice. It began to grow steadily weaker and weaker until hospital treatment became necessary. Before this finally took effect, however, he found he could hardly talk. As he remembers, 'When you are in danger of losing something central to your career, it makes you think very hard. I have to say I learnt a lot from the experience. My voice recovered, but it taught me the importance of getting the best out of what you've got. As it got better and stronger, I started doing things like public readings of poetry and pieces of literature, just to use it professionally again.' This turned out to be the start of a whole new direction for his career. So popular have these readings become, that Malcolm is now extremely familiar to people as the voice on a number of readings of best-selling books which have been recorded on to tape. Instantly recognisable, his voice is now a much sought-after commodity (товар).

§3. Malcolm first approached publishers with the idea of selling books on tape all those years ago. At first, they said that only blind people listened to books on tape. But times were changing and when he did eventually convince one of them to try it, instant success followed. Now the market for such tapes in Britain is worth £25 million a year.

- §4. Although Malcolm continues to work in television and theatre, it is his readings of literature that have really made him famous. When he is recording Malcolm uses his voice to give an impression of the different characters. 'I don't try to convince the audience that I am an 11-year-old boy at one moment and his grandfather the next,' he says, 'but I use my voice to try and make the listener believe that I've really got a story to tell them rather than just a book to read out.
- §5. Malcolm carefully does his homework on any book he has agreed to record, although he knows some actors do not. He tells the story of one well-known British actor whose enthusiastic producer commented on what a great thriller it was they were about to record. 'Is it?' said the actor, opening the script for the first time. 'All very well,' says Malcolm, 'until you discover on page two hundred that the character you've given a Scottish accent to is supposed to come from Wales!'
- A36. Why did Malcolm not go to the USA thirty-five years ago?

1) His family opposed it.

2) The offers weren't good enough.

3) He was in poor health.

- A37. How did Malcolm's illness affect his career?
 - 1) He could no longer do certain types of work.
 - 2) He had to be very careful when using his voice.
 - 3) It made him appreciate his voice more.
- **A38**. How did publishers react initially to the idea of books on tape?
 - 1) They thought the market was limited.
 - 2) They thought nobody would buy them.
 - 3) They were keen to open up a new market.
- A39. When recording, Malcolm is keen to convince his listeners that
 - 1) different people are reading the story.
 - 2) he is actually telling them a story.
 - the events are really happening.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. fortune (§1)

1) property

2) application

3) name

A41. much sought-after (§2)

1) entirely forgotten

2) rarely used

3) in great demand

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. Before this finally took effect, (§2)

- 1) До того, как лечение наконец дало положительные результаты,
- 2) Прежде всего, это в конце возымело действие,
- 3) Прежде, чем эта необходимость в конечном счете произвела эффект,

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

We are certain to see many exciting changes in home design soon. There are four main reasons why these changes will come about. We will be increasingly concerned about the environment; conventional energy sources will become expensive; we will probably become even more worried about security, and, above all, we will want to take advantage of 'smart' computer technology in home design.

The future will see the appearance of the intelligent house. To be able to look after itself, the house will require a network of electronic sensors to send information back to the central computer, enabling the house to monitor the inside temperature and humidity, and to ensure that the optimum levels of both are maintained. The house will also work out when it is time to water the garden, basing its decision on the levels of moisture in the flower beds and the lawn.

(A45) Future houses will not need to rely on their occupants to protect them against burglary by bolting doors and locking windows, because they will be able to protect themselves. Once the central computer learns that there is nobody at home, it will close any windows that may have been left open, lock all the doors and keep an eye out

for burglars. If anyone tries to break in, it will alert the police or a security company.

(A46) ____ So far, we have made the minimal use of solar energy in the average home, except for heating water in some of the sunnier countries. This is bound to change, however, as it becomes more anti-social to burn oil or even gas, and conventional fuels become more expensive as their supply starts to run out. In order to trap the maximum amount of available sunlight, it will be necessary to cover the exterior walls of houses with large areas of glazing. Consequently, the appearance of such homes will be dominated by large portions of glass.

(A47) New man-made materials will be used in house construction to cut down heat loss to the absolute minimum. The next generation of cooking appliances will require far less power than the appliances now to be found in homes. Computerised control will drastically reduce the amount of water used by the average household: dishwashers

and washing machines will have to become much more efficient, as will showers and toilets.

(A48) ____ Architects' visions of future urban landscapes with ultra high-rise towers connected by aerial travel-ways are slowly giving way to an alternative image of communities of small, secure, self-contained living units. The majority of the public obviously dislike tower-block flats and would clearly prefer their own front door. It seems, therefore, that despite all the high-tech features of the homes of the future, essentially, we may go back to the idea of the traditional house.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Keeping you safe and sound

2) Computers will replace residents

3) New directions in home design

4) Keeping an eye on how things are running

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Returning to the past

2) Saving valuable resources

3) Houses will look very different

4) Expensive and high-tech

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

SUIT, ABLE, ACHIEVE, RELEVANT

A job interview can vary from being very friendly and informal, to very formal. Whatever the format, generally speaking, it is best if you have done some preparation and are ready to answer even the (B1) ... questions the interviewer might ask you. You will probably be asked about your previous work experience or (B2) ... at school. These questions should not be a problem for the well-prepared interviewee. Do not go to an interview (B3) ... dressed by wearing, for example, jeans. Wear clothes and shoes that are comfortable, as you will be (B4) ... to concentrate if your shoes are hurting you.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B5 и B6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** John Sandys has produced a document which called The Big List of Movie Mistakes; the list shows that many Hollywood blockbusters there are filled with mistakes.
- **B6.** Movie fans from around of the world have sent John examples when they have come across, and he now has a collection of more than 2,400 mistakes from 700 different films.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

This will probably come (B7) ... a surprise to you, but I have decided to move to London! I have been thinking about it for a long time, but it was only last week that I made up my (B8) ... I have already found a flat to live in, and I am going tomorrow to make arrangements about moving my furniture. I was originally thinking about staying with my sister, but her house is (B9) ... small that I changed my mind.

- B10. If you look at it (c pyroii) way round, the soldiers were only trying to protect themselves.
- **В11.** Do you want cash or a cheque? It doesn't (имеет) any difference.
- **B12**. Little of the country's wealth comes from natural resources, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Steam trains (A1) ... by electric ones years ago, so when the newspaper I (A2) ... for over the last 5 years heard that the "Black Admiral" steam engine (A3) ..., they decided to send me on its first trip. I didn't object to going even though I generally dislike travelling by train. In fact I was looking forward to seeing something I (A4) ... before. When I arrived at the station I (A5) ... lots of people celebrating the rebirth of the "Black Admiral", and I was glad to be part of the party. At 2 o'clock everyone was ready to board the train. I settled myself into a compartment where I (A6) ... by an old man who claimed to be one of the original workers on the "Black Admiral". He told me that he had worked for a penny a day and that his family had been too poor to buy more than the basic necessities. It was a sad story, but it was a pleasure to listen to him. At every station people (A7) ... to greet the train, and it was exciting to see the spectators' faces as the past seemed to come alive again. If all trains were as appealing as the "Black Admiral", I (A8) ... to travel by train all the time.

A1.			
 have been replaced were replaced 		3) replaced4) were replacing	
A2.			
1) am working 2) work		3) have been working4) worked	
A3.			
1) restored	2) was restoring	3) had restored	4) had been restored
A4.			
1) had never seen	2) was never seen	3) was never seeing	4) have never been seen
A5.			
1) was seen	2) had seen	3) saw	4) was seeing
A6.			politic Construction of Management
1) soon joined	2) was soon joined	3) had soon joined	4) was soon joining
A7.			
1) were waiting	2) were waited	3) had been waited	4) have waited
A8.			
1) chose	2) had chosen	3) will have chosen	4) would choose

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Word combinations, or collocations, in (A9) ... English fall (A10) ... a number of different categories. In this article I should like to draw a distinction between 'ordinary' collocations and those that are so fixed that they can be called idioms. Although my main focus is on 'ordinary' collocations, I shall also, (A11) ... some extent, take idioms (A12) ... consideration. I plan to raise a number of questions about learning collocations in a foreign or second language. I shall attempt to answer these questions by making reference (A13) ... the work of the leading writers in (A14) ... field. My intention is to make a strong case for (A15) ... more intensive focus on collocation in the language learning process. I shall also touch on issues such as (A16) ... pronunciation.

	men de (1110) in pronui	ciacion.
2) an	3) the	4) —
2) on	3) into	4) at
2) to	3) for	4) in
2) from	3) into	4) on
2) to	3) for	4) from
2) an	3) the	4) —
2) an	3) the	4) —
	- Av	35,60
2) an	3) the	4) —
	2) an2) on2) to2) from2) to2) an	2) on 3) into 2) to 3) for 2) from 3) into 2) to 3) for 2) to 3) for 2) an 3) the 2) an 3) the

	Прочитайте предлож	ения. Выберите один из г	предложенных вариантов	ответа.
	Nothing could make 1) Helen turn	her computer off. 2) Helen to turn	3) Helen's turning	4) Helen turned
	I regret not able to 1) to be	go on a 15-night Caribbe 2) be	ean cruise. 3) being	4) have been
	We'll go by train w 1) so that	e don't get stuck in a traf 2) since	fic jam. 3) so as	4) in order
	The hole was than 1) far more deep	they had thought. 2) much deeper	3) much deeplier	4) much more deeper
	John had put his m 1) father-in-law	oney in the bank and was 2) father's-in-law	s getting \$400 a month. 3) father-in-law's	4) father's-in-laws
	Укажите номер подч	еркнутого фрагмента, в к	отором допущена ошибк	a.
			the ecological catastrophe	
A23.	In the part three of th	e test you <u>have to describe</u> 2	e one of the most importan	<u>nt inventions</u> or discoveries <u>made by women</u> .
A24.	Even though Gary at	nd Mark are brothers, <u>it's</u>	hardly any resemblance b	between them.
A25.	The homework shoul	d have been <u>handed in</u> too 1	lay, but <u>as</u> you were ill at t 2	he weekend I think we <u>can do an exception</u> . 3 4
utur orice cen co	e into their own hand The concept of the s of 30p and sell it to the opies on (A30) and The paper itself (A3)	ds. By selling 'street paper treet paper is simple. It is the public for 70p, keeping I pay for them later. Ever I) articles of general a	ers' they no longer need to sold by homeless and ex 40p for themselves. If the y paper seller receives tra and social interest, film and	he world, homeless people are taking the to beg for a (A28)homeless people who buy it at a (A29) y have no money, then they can get the first aining and is given a special identity badge. I book reviews, cartoons and the occasional profits go back into helping homeless people.
A26.	1) sight	2) vision	3) look	4) view
A27.	, 0		- 1 % 10.000	Plan
	1) average	2) rare	3) common	4) routine
A28.	1) life	2) living	3) being	4) pay
A29.	1) kept	2) same	3) held	4) fixed
A30.	48 10	0) 1	2)1	Leave (A
A31.	1) credit	2) cheque	3) cash	4) card
A3 1.	1) consists	2) contains	3) keeps	4) involves
A32.	av constant	64	0)	42 × 15 - 11
	1) assure	2) propose	3) provide	4) offer
			смыслу к предложенной	греппике-стимулу.
A33.	May I speak to Alice 1) Nothing at all. 2) Hold on tight.	Hobson?	3) Yes, speaking.4) Have a listen!	
	Выберите реплику-с	тимул, подходящую по сі	мыслу к предложенной о	тветной реплике.
A34.	If you say you have 1) Would you like to 2) I don't want to he 3) Do you mind if I l 4) Will you forgive n	join us for lunch? ar any more about her. eave?		
A35.	Doesn't she? 1) She's not very har 2) She lives in Londo		3) She's never been il4) Maria doesn't play	l for more than two weeks. the piano.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Orange, the second largest mobile phone company in Europe, has spent £2 million transforming an old farmhouse into a 'superhome' where making the coffee, buying the groceries and turning on the washing machine can

all be done by remote control from a phone.

§2. From April 1 a family will spend six weeks learning to live with the control phones and a lot of appliances dreamt up by some of the world's best-known manufacturers. Their progress will be monitored by teams at the universities of Surrey and Portsmouth. The designers had an imaginary family in mind when they drew up the plans for the house. David, the father, is a travel writer and broadcaster who works a lot from home, and Clare, his wife, is a reflexologist. The children - James, Melissa and Christopher - are aged 14, 7, and 10 months respectively. The baby's cot (детская кроватка) is, naturally, fitted with noise and body temperature monitors and a camera in the room can send images of the child to screens around the home. Now the search is on for parents and children who fit the designers' profile as closely as possible. Orange hopes to find them from among its staff or customers and an initial request for volunteers has had an overwhelming response.

§3. The house is powered partly by solar cells and the water used by the household for washing is recycled. All this is established technology. What makes the Orange house different is that the phone can not only run the bath, it can set the temperature and depth - and it never overflows. After a day's work, the inhabitants can turn on the central heating or cooker. On their way home, they can open up the house remotely and turn on the lights. All these,

according to Orange, could be routine equipment in millions of homes in a few years.

§4. As the house is developed, its central computer will note the groceries ordered on the internet and once the purchases have been delivered and put away, scanners in fridges, bins or cupboards will note the items as they are used up and add them to the household's list of things to re-order. The house is evolutionary, says Orange. Ultimately, the computer could offer recipes based on the fridge or cupboard contents and use data from health-monitoring equipment to come up with tailored and nutritious eating plans.

§5. Sue Lambert, who is in control of the project, said the organizers were unsure of the outcome: 'We do not know how far people will want to control heating, lighting, security, cooking or whatever, if at all. It is about how people use the technology and whether it makes things easier or not. Does it bring people together or will they just

disperse (расходиться) into their own rooms? This experiment is sociological as well as technological.

A36. Who will live in the house?

- 1) Volunteers, probably Orange staff or customers.
- 2) No one. It's an imaginary situation. 3) Scientists from the universities.
- A37. The house is special because

1) all the technology is new.

- 2) appliances and systems are controlled by phone.
- 3) it only uses established technology.
- A38. Eventually the house will be able to
 - 1) plan an exercise programme.
 - 2) do the shopping for you.
 - 3) decide what you should eat.
- A39. Why has the experiment been set up?
 - 1) To test the technology and see how people react to it.
 - 2) To see how people interact with each other.
 - 3) To see if the new technology works.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. monitored (§2)

1) carried out

2) checked

3) achieved

A41. outcome (§5)

1) result

2) breakdown

3) departure

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. ... can not only run the bath (§3)

1) ... не может только управлять ванной

2) ... только не может наливать воду в ванну

3) ... может не только наполнять ванну

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер вы-

бранного варианта в бланке ответов.

Ever since people realised the Earth was just a tiny part of the universe, they have wondered about the existence of other intelligent life forms. Early on, many people thought that intelligent life might be found on Mars or Venus, our two nearest planets. Now that we have sent unmanned spacecraft to these planets, we know that no intelligent life exists there.

The Earth's position in relation to the Sun makes it the only planet in our own solar system which is obviously capable of sustaining life. If we were nearer the Sun, there would be a thick layer of cloud around us; this

would trap heat, causing the temperature to rise. Within a short time, the Earth would turn into a desert, completely unsuitable for life. If we were further away from the Sun, there would not be enough heat to prevent water from freezing. The polar ice caps would expand, and the sea level would fall. Before long, the Earth would become an Arctic wasteland (пустошь).

(A45) ____ Many people claim to have seen unidentified flying objects (UFOs), proving that alien (инопланетный) life must exist. Most scientists, however, believe UFO sightings to be imaginary or to have a rational explanation. The formation of crop circles (strange patterns that appear in fields of wheat) is thought to be either a natural phenomenon or the work of cheats. Sceptics dismiss the idea of other life forms as complete nonsense.

(A46) ____ The best proof of life beyond the Earth would be to come face to face with aliens from another planet. But unless they visit us, this won't happen. Space travel to even the nearest star, Alpha Centauri, is at present totally impossible because of the distance. Modern spacecraft travel at about 36,000 kph. At this speed, it would take 12,000 years to reach Alpha Centauri. We might like the idea of encountering aliens, but it is unrealistic to expect it to happen.

(A47) ____ So scientists hope to exchange messages with alien civilisations, if they exist. They are scanning the universe for radio waves sent as signals from aliens. However, there are a number of problems with this approach.

How do we know a radio wave is a signal? If it is, how do we decode what it means?

(A48) _____ Frank Drake's Search for Extra-Terrestrial Intelligence (поиск внеземных цивилизаций) (SETI) Institute in California started a project involving the personal computers of people around the world, called SETI@home. To link up, you register with the SETI website, download the necessary software and a small section of the universe appears on your screen. This is monitored for signals while your computer is not in use. If your computer helps to detect extra-terrestrial life, you can be named as a co-discoverer.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Have other life forms visited the Earth?

2) Is the Earth unique?

3) An alien spacecraft has crashed 4) How has our thinking changed?

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) The truth about what really happened

2) An unlikely meeting

3) Your chance to be famous

4) Finding a way to communicate

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

ENTHUSIASM, RELATION, USUAL, RICH

Reading is one of life's great pleasures. It is the quiet, private (B1) ... between the author and the reader that makes a book so special. The (B2) ... of the English language and the strength of good storytelling has always excited me. My mother used to read to me most nights before I went to sleep, and similarly, I read books to my children. I suppose it was my English teacher, Eric Anderson, who made me feel (B3) ... about novels.

If I were to enumerate all the books I have read recently, it would be an (B4) ... varied list, which is probably

true for anyone who reads a lot at work and in their leisure time too.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B5 и B6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** I started cooking in my uncle's Chinese restaurant at the age of 11. At first I just washed the dishes, which then chopped and sliced. But as soon as the chefs went out of the kitchen I'd try to copy the dishes I'd seen them cook at.
- **B6.** The first one I attempted was fried rice. It's so difficult to mess up. However, by the time I was 15 I was fed up working there 12-hour days in the restaurant. I went to university to study history of art and it only started cooking again to make extra money.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Vera is the head teacher at a new kind of school that opened a few years ago. The school is called a city technology college. (B7) ... concentrates on subjects students will need in business later in life and has been very successful since it opened. Vera told me she had never had (B8) ... an interesting job before. For the first time in her life, she had had the opportunity to (B9) ... her ideas into practice.

- B10. It is a pity that (ни один) of her two husbands has been capable of really understanding her.
- B11. They can't (позволить себе) a holiday this year.
- B12. She shows little enthusiasm for yoga, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

"Good evening, ladies and gentlemen. I am Charles Trump. I am reporting from BBC news headquarters. Earlier this evening, at 6.24 p.m., an earthquake (A1) ... Cairo, Egypt. Many people have been killed, many more have been injured and much of the city (A2) Emergency teams (A3) ... all over the city. They (A4) ... the injured. Firemen and local people are digging in the wreckage (руины) as many people (A5) ... there. A BBC special news team (A6) ... for Cairo immediately after we received news of the earthquake. We (A7) ... a special, in-depth report from them at any moment. As soon as we (A8) ... from them we will release another news bulletin. Anyone who wishes to enquire about family or friends should ring the following emergency numbers $-010\,367-38291/2/3/4$ for information. We'll be back with the special bulletin.'

be back with the special bune	CIII.		
A1. 1) had hit	2) was hit	3) has been hit	4) hit
1) has been destroyed 2) is destroying		3) had been destroyed4) has been destroying	
1) already set up 2) are already setting u	p	3) will be already set u 4) have already been se	p et up
A4. 1) helped 2) are helping		3) have been helped 4) were being helped	
A5. 1) had still been trappe 2) are still trapped	d	3) were still trapped4) have still being trap	pped
A6. 1) had left	2) leaves	3) left	4) has been left
A7. 1) are expecting	2) expected	3) were expecting	4) have been expected
A8. 1) will hear	2) are being heard	3) have been heard	4) hear
- PUIS TOKET DUIS	копдедп ви нило етипе	кенных вариантов ответа.	5 5 1 1:A

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Last year, I travelled to Ypres in Belgium to pay (A9) ... visit to the famous Cat Festival, which is held there on the second Sunday in May. It was introduced over two centuries ago. (A10) ... story behind the festival is an interesting one. At that time, Ypres was an important centre for the wool trade. The wool was collected together in the town's huge Cloth Hall before it was sold. It attracted a lot of hungry rodents (грызуны), so cats were used to control their numbers. The number of cats subsequently increased and eventually they became (A11) ... nuisance (помеха) and had to be got rid (A12) Nowadays, the cats used in the festival are actually toys and there are parades celebrating famous cats. The festival was well worth (A13) ... the visit. What particularly attracted me was the parade of bands, which was followed by (A14) ... magnificent firework display. But before that a jester (myr) appeared on the Cloth

Hall tower and began to throw toy cats to the crowd below. Everyone scrambled to pick them (A15) ... as a souvenir but I decided it would be much safer to buy one later at the tourist office to remind me (A16) ... the event!

but I decided it woul	d be much safer to buy on		
A9 . 1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.	2) An	3) The	4) —
A11.	2) an	3) the	4) —
A12. 1) off	2) of	3) —	4) from
A13.	2) —	3) off	4) for
A14.	2) an	3) the	4) —
A15. 1) off	2) away	3) on	4) up
A16. 1) on	2) over	3) of	4) —
		28	

	Прочитайте предло:	жения. Выберите один из г	предложенных варианто	ов ответа.
A17.		d to me — he lets time of 2) me taking		4) me to take
A18.	I didn't get wet, as, 1) taking	luckily, I had remembered 2) to take	my umbrella. 3) to be taken	4) take
A19.	I didn't say anythin 1) so that	g about Colin's dirty shirt 2) in order	he wouldn't get emba 3) so as	urrassed. 4) as
A20.		d electronically would be . 2) far more easier	to share. 3) far easier	4) far easily
A21.	She took gloves in 1) someone else	nstead of her own. 2) someone's else	3) someone else's	4) someone's else's
	Укажите номер под	черкнутого фрагмента, в к	отором допущена ошиб	бка.
		ty of older people <u>has diffic</u> 2		
A23.	I <u>went straight to th</u>		y on a jacket and <u>have a</u>	look at myself in the mirror. 3 4
A24.	The streets are narre	ow and <u>twist and turn</u> and 1	there is not advisable to	o take a car up them. 4
A25.	Fox was one of the f	irst US scientists to call at	tention to the raising le	vels of carbon dioxide <u>in the atmosphere</u> .
FedEx hous neas nore uture nust	a Express, in a charit and pairs of used fo who are interested i Sports organisation accessible to thousa world Cup champ People in Sheffield	table scheme (A28) as otball boots to South Africation taking up the sport and its in Africa are giving the unds of young people and ionships. are, therefore, being asked	Boots for Africa. The acca. The boots will be g (A29) up local team ir full support to the s could have a beneficial to donate any football	I's largest express transportation company aim of the scheme is to send more than two iven to young people living in remote rurans. cheme which will help (A30) the game (A31) on the country's performance is boots to the scheme. All the boots donated ther information about the scheme.
A26.	1) founded	2) invented	3) originated	4) discovered
A27.				
	1) tied	2) added	3) joined	4) mixed
A28.	1) considered	2) Imanus	2\ asllad	() (;4]]
A29.	1) considered	2) known	3) called	4) titled
A30.	1) coming	2) setting	3) beginning	4) finding
AUU.	1) develop	2) grow	3) raise	4) make
A31.	180	0) 1	23 66	0
A32.	1) impression	2) result	3) effect	4) reaction
	1) fitness	2) size	3) condition	4) state
	Выберите ответную	реплику, подходящую по	смыслу к предложенно	й реплике-стимулу.
	It's been years since 1) It's time I met. 2) I guess so.	we met.	3) Pleased to meet you. 4) Have we really?	ou.
	Выберите реплику-с	тимул, подходящую по см	ыслу к предложенной с	ответной реплике.
	1) Take care not to r	ou can do what you like. nake so much noise. out losing your job?	3) Good-bye then an4) What do you thin	
	2) I'd like to thank y 3) You shouldn't hav	hat remark back and apolo ou all for coming here ton e talked to her. dn't visit that dentist.	gise immediately. ight.	

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер

выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Like many 13 year olds, my son is a computer games hermit (отшельник), emerging only to be fed and watered. Recently, to reassure me that he was not addicted, he volunteered not to touch the computer for a week. I kept a close eye on him for signs of discomfort but apart from the fact that he recorded the music of his favourite games, so that he could listen to them on his Walkman, there was not one. On the other hand, both his sister and I suffered as his boredom increased: I had not realised how we have created a life without him. Suddenly he was under our feet, switching TV channels in the middle of our favourite programmes and being rude to us. What he seemed to have lost was the sense that there was anything worthwhile to do other than play computer games. Suggestions from me to go and read, swim or play badminton got a grunt and a dark look.

§2. It may take another 10 years or so before society really knows the mental and physical effects of computer games on the young. Until then, parents can only feel their way in the dark as to how much and how often the games

are allowed to be played.

§3. My son and I have compromised on two computer-free days a week, plus a half-day at weekends. However, even on computer-free days we have negotiated that he can use the computer for things that I consider creative or useful, such as chess or writing simple programmes. Nevertheless, he is constantly trying to expand these boundaries. He will innocently ask over dinner, "Mum, is SimCity a creative game?" and when I agree that it probably is, as it asks more of a player than simply fast reflexes, he immediately demands to play it on a computer-free day.

§4. My son and his peers (сверстники) seem to find just living in the present moment boring unless it is masked by a Walkman plugged into eager ears or a hand-held computer game. This is supplemented by the ever-active television placed a foot or two from the computer, so that any transitory moments of boredom, such as when a game

is loading up, can be made less painful by a dose of cartoons.

§5. I fear that the involvement in these games is so intense that it results in high levels of stress. No matter how often I explain to my son my feelings about this — and he does appear to understand my anxieties about his health—the bottom line is that he has so much fun with this thing. His friendships seem to be enriched through it. These days it is not who is the best centre-forward in the school team but the computer games wizard (специалист) who is king, and my son is fighting for that crown.

A36. The author

1) forced her son to give up the computer for a while.

2) found it difficult to cope with her son's behaviour.3) only allows him to play computer games one day a week.

A37. When the author's son gave up computer games, he

1) got very bored.

2) played a lot of sport.

3) spent a lot of time sleeping.

A38. According to the article, computer games

1) can be creative but are intense.

2) don't require any skill.

3) used to be very complicated.

A39. The author's son

1) watches cartoons when the computer is turned off.

2) doesn't have any friends.

3) appreciates that his mother is worried.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. emerging (§1)

1) playing

2) coming out

3) hiding

A41. negotiated (§3)

1) denied

in his footsteps.

2) quarrelled

- 3) agreed

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. Suddenly he was under our feet (§1)

1) Вдруг он стал вертеться у нас под ногами

2) Внезапно он оказался у нас под каблуком

3) Неожиданно он оказался на полу

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

Surrounded by exquisitely carved rocking horses (конь-качалка) in a workshop in the English village of Bethersden, Marc Stevenson said, 'When you're on one of these you have to use your imagination — you're about to jump the Grand Canyon to escape from the cowboys who are chasing you. It's good for children to make things up, but many toys children get today don't encourage that.'

(A43) Marc and his twin brother Tony make wonderful rocking horses, the classic children's toy of the pre-electronic age. Rocking horses have been at the centre of the Stevenson family for more than fifty years. Uncle James Bosworchick, known as 'the rocking horse man' locally, started it all and encouraged Marc and Tony to follow

(A44) ____ Marc was working at a sports company in London and Tony for an oil company when they told Uncle James they'd like to make rocking horses. 'He told us we were absolutely mad and that there wasn't a market anymore,' said Marc. The brothers persisted, however, and in the end their uncle said, 'If you're really serious, I'll charge £1,000 to train one of you.' They tossed a coin and it was Tony who went on to do the apprenticeship (обучение ремеслу), while Marc worked and saved towards the business which they started in 1982.

(A45) ____ Their first workshop was a borrowed shed on their sister's farm. 'People said we were stupid to give up proper jobs to make rocking horses, but we wouldn't let anyone put us off, because we thought there was a good

chance of success,' said Marc.

(A46) _____ Eighteen years and a lot of experience later, Marc is proud of the fact that Stevenson Brothers have achieved their original goals of re-introducing the rocking horse as a toy of today, and being the best rocking horse makers in the world. Their impressive client list is surely testament to this. The Sultan of Brunei recently commissioned a 12-horse carousel, and a life-sized stallion (жеребец) is a permanent feature of Harrods department store in London.

(A47) ____ All the horses start as a shipment of timber (древесина), but looking at these lifeless blocks of wood on the workshop bench when they first arrive, it takes real imagination to visualise the proud creatures they will become. It's fascinating to watch the creative skill of the carvers as they delicately sculpt perfectly-formed ears,

nostrils and mouth, and a very lifelike face begins to appear from the wood.

(A48) ______ 'A lot of customers ask us to make a horse to look like one of their real-life favourites. They send us photographs and we copy things like the colouring on and around the face,' said Marc. Imagine the excitement when your very own carved wooden horse emerges bit by bit from the wrappings and you realise there isn't another exactly like it anywhere in the world. Stevenson's horses are numbered, and the brothers were up to number 3,554 when this article was written.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Gaining the expertise

2) A source of inspiration

3) Taking the risk

4) Initial disappointments

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46-А48 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Satisfied customers

2) Attention to detail

3) Stimulating creativity

4) Responding to clients

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

GLAMOUR, VARY, EASE, EXPENSE

One can very (B1) ... become addicted to television; it is visual, glossy (шикарный) and (B2) However, recent figures show that radio audiences in Britain have increased significantly while television audiences are diminishing (уменьшаться). This new-found popularity stems from the fact that radio can offer much more (B3) ... than television. Making radio programmes is relatively (B4) ..., which means that stations can afford to be experimental. And because there are so many channels, programmers can cater for very specific types of listeners.

Прочитайте текст (В5—В6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами В5 и В6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** Helen who has been a vegetarian for twelve and a half years. She says, 'I've never really liked meat, and throughout my teens ate less and less of it. Then, I went abroad on holiday one year and when I came back I decided to give up meat for it good.
- B6. My husband and I love food and we spend on hours experimenting with different recipes there's so much you can do with vegetarian food. Our favourite foods are mainly Italian and Indian. We probably eat too much fat in our diet and are aware so that we need to cut down. I study labels carefully but we don't worry too much when we eat out.'

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

People have always been superstitious when (B7) ... comes to the moon, which is not surprising if you consider that it remained unexplored until the second half of the 20th century. Before technological advances (B8) ... place, it was intriguing for people to try to guess what this mysterious light in the night sky was. (B9) ... a result, many old beliefs are based upon the moon, and many women still believe that their moods are governed by the moon.

- B10. You are half an hour late. (Eige) five minutes and I would have needed treatment for frostbite.
- **B11.** No parking is allowed, but an exception is (делают) for disabled drivers.
- **B12.** Religion was rarely discussed in their house, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The scientists at the University of Texas believe that they (A1) ... the key to stopping the aging process –

a small chemical called telomerase - which (A2) ... naturally by the human body.

Telomerase (A3) ... it possible for human cells to divide and replace themselves, but after a certain age the body stops producing it and, as a result, people (A4) ... to age. An American drug company (A5) ... for a licence to produce Telozan, a drug containing large quantities of telomerase, which (A6) ... takers to live for up to 150 years.

The scientists (A7) ... this drug for nearly 20 years already and no harmful effects (A8) ... so far.

1) have been discovered had discovered 4) were discovering 2) have discovered A2. 2) is produced 3) is producing 4) has produced 1) produces A3. 2) has been making 3) makes 4) is being made 1) is made A4. 3) began gradually 1) are gradually beginning 2) are gradually begun 4) have gradually begun 1) applied now has now been applied 2) is now applied 4) has now applied A6 2) will be enabled 3) is enabled 4) has enabled 1) will enable A7. 1) are testing 2) have been tested 3) have been testing 4) test **A8** 1) are being identified 3) are identifying

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

2) have been identifying

I have known Hilary Randle for seven years. My most recent association with her has been the Elwood Arts

4) have been identified

Festival, where she and I co-ordinated the publicity and marketing of (A9) ... event.

She always has (A10) ... clear view of objectives. She shows dedication in working extra hours if the need arises. Her approach (A11) ... problems is (A12) ... positive and creative one. As a team member, Hilary is sensitive (A13) ... the views of other people, though she is undeniably a dominant individual. She usually takes (A14) ... the role of team leader unasked, in order to fulfil her objectives and to get things done. On a social level, Hilary has an outgoing personality and contributes a great deal (A15) ... any occasion. Her unique sense of humour appeals to most people. I have always enjoyed being in her company. For all (A16) ... reasons I have given above, I am pleased to recommend Hilary Randle for a position in your organization.

A9.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A11.			
1) at	2) for	3) on	4) to
A12.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A13.			
1) with	2) to	3) for	4) about
A14.			
1) off	2) out	3) on	4) away
A15.			
1) to	2) —	3) for	4) with
A16.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —

	Прочитайте предложен	ния. Выберите один из п	редложенных вариантов (ответа.
A17.	The guide made our 1) us to take	shoes off before entering 2) our taking	the museum. 3) us took	4) us take
A18.	Sorry I'm late. I had to 1) to pick	stop up the children f 2) pick	rom school. 3) to be picked	4) picking
A19.	You should take good of 1) in order	eare of these gloves the 2) despite	ey last long. 3) so that	4) so as
A20.	Louie reads than his	sister.		
	1) more quicker 2) far quickly		3) much more quicklier 4) far more quickly	
A21.		ontempt by her mothe 2) sister-in-law's	er. 3) sister's-in-law	4) sister-in-law
	Укажите номер подчер	кнутого фрагмента, в ко	тором допущена ошибка.	
A22.	Wilson has so much tal	ent that a <u>number of dif</u> 2	ferent clubs is interested i 3	n him.
A23.	You have to wait <u>till th</u>	e Chapter 5 to find out y	who the murderer was.	
A24.	There was such a bad c	ase of flu that I honestly	<u>felt as if</u> I was going to di	e.
A25.	<u>It's</u> almost impossible <u>t</u>	o say the difference bety	veen the original and the o	copy.
	1	2 3 4	 (20 Jan 12
globa (A27 envir globa aim t waste such A26.	Around 200 million per deconomy. It is estimated as the conomy. It is estimated as the conomy. It is estimated as the conomical warming. Deforestation In response to these conoreduce the negative (as and use energy and was restaurants and shops the conomical warming.	eople are (A26) in to ted that three-quarters ale by 2020. the economic benefits, orget the damage cause in has cleared land in ord oncerns, some travel op A31) of tourism by pater efficiently. Increasi	of a billion people go on lead by carbon emissions from the build hotels, airports over to build hotels, airports over tors now offer environmenting only hotels that	ng it the largest industry in the modern holiday each year, and industry planners people has (A28) in threats to the rom aircraft, which (A29) directly to and roads, and this has (A30) wildlife. nment-friendly holidays. Many of these at have invested in equipment to recycle are reminded to support local businesses, ome. 4) applied
A27.	481	0.		
Fe .2565	1) hope	2) suggest	3) expect	4) think
A28.	1) caused	2) resulted	3) finished	4) led
A29.	1) act	2) account	3) influence	4) contribute
A30.	4) 1	0.5 1 1	0 1 6 1	36 T
and to	1) destroyed	2) completed	3) defeated	4) lost
A31.	4.5	ON EE	5 3.	0.11
	1) reasons	2) effects	3) aims	4) achievements
A32.	1) depend	2) insist	3) trust	4) domand
			-370-21-21-	4) demand
			мыслу к предложенной р	еплике-стимулу.
	Promise me you'll pay r 1) None the less. 2) I promise.	ne back at the end of the	month. 3) Never mind. 4) Nothing at all.	
	Выберите реплику-стим	иул, подходящую по смы	ыслу к предложенной отве	етной реплике.
		ake these films?		

A35. None.

1) Shall I book a single or a double room?

2) Are there many unknown words in the text?

3) Would you care for a drink? 4) Could you help me write this?

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. If colour is energy, is blue right for the dining room?

Now here's a theory: you and I are energy. We are colour. When we're feeling fed up and rundown, this may mean that we have too much or too little colour in us. Each of us is attracted to one colour more than others, and the reason for this is that colours have energy in them, and that is what draws us to them. Each colour has its own special effect on us. And so, as people look for alternatives to conventional medicine, which they think is unsatisfactory, they turn to colour therapy as a new way of making themselves well.

§2. You think that sounds too extreme? Well, according to the Swiss psychologist Max Luscher, colour and personality are so closely linked that he developed a test to reveal character traits by the sequence in which a subject

chooses colours. The test is now used by psychologists and governments across the world.

§3. Top colour therapist Angela Wright says that the appearance of rooms in a house is vital to its inhabitants' well-being. The biggest mistake interior designers make is not to take into account the personality of the client whose home they are decorating and the activity associated with a particular room,' she says. 'For instance, if you painted

your dining room blue, then you'd have very boring dinner parties because that colour is calming.'

§4. According to fashion expert Annie, a columnist for Britain's Observer newspaper, certain colours suit people better than others, and so care should be taken when selecting clothes. There's nothing new about that of course. People with good dress sense have always worried about what to wear, and colours go in and out of fashion. But Annie goes further than this. She suggests that the best colours are those that complement or reflect the wearer's eye colour. If you have hazel eyes, for example, certain shades of green are just right. However, in what seems like a contradictory point of view, she is certain that people should be allowed to wear whatever colours they feel good about, even if they are not appropriate: 'I know people who don't really suit red, for example,' she wrote in a recent column, 'yet derive enormous pleasure from wearing it, and who has the right to tell them otherwise?' Well, no one has the right, but perhaps it would be kind!

§5. So there it is. Colour counts. Work out what colour suits your personality and your looks best. Take colour

seriously and it will improve your life - and make you feel good about it too.

A36. The energy of a particular colour

1) attracts us to the colour.

makes us choose conventional medicine.

3) makes us feel fed up.

A37. Max Luscher's test

- 1) is now only used by psychologists in Switzerland.
- 2) reveals the sequence in which governments use the Internet.

3) is designed to show what kind of a person you are.

A38. Interior designers make mistakes because they

1) don't consider what kind of people they are designing for. 2) don't understand why they should paint dining rooms blue.

3) don't know what activities the rooms are used for.

A39. The best clothes colours

- 1) are hazel and green if your eyes are blue.
- 2) go with the colour of the wearer's eyes.
- 3) are shades of red that the wearer likes.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. complement (§4)

1) intensify

2) approve

3) hide

A41. counts (§5)

1) enumerates

2) relies

3) matters

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. ... yet derive enormous pleasure from wearing it (§4)

- 1) ... до сих пор испытывают невероятное наслаждение от того, что носят это
- 2) ... тем не менее получают огромное удовольствие от того, что носят его

3) ... и все-таки доставляют радость тем, кто любит его

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

American shopping malls, with their combination of entertainment and shopping, have proven to be irresistible to European consumers, who are as eager to spend their cash in them as the Americans are. With malls now springing up in various parts of south-east Asia and in other areas of the world as well, it is hard to imagine that anything can stop them from spreading to all parts of the globe before long.

(A44) ____ From the moment shoppers step out of their cars or off the bus that has brought them to the mall, they are encouraged to feel relaxed. Soft music is everywhere. Security cameras monitor every inch of the mall. Many malls employ a small army of security staff to guarantee their customers' safety. And everything seems clean, including the air which is continuously renewed by tireless air-conditioning systems.

(A45) One of the basic reasons for the popularity of malls is the enormous variety of shops that are all to be found under one vast roof. There are sure to be several major department stores, not to mention supermarkets, small shops and boutiques whose inviting displays make window-shopping a pleasure. Go inside, and you can browse through books, listen to CDs, purchase hand-made ornaments, expensive china, designer clothes, casual wear. The list goes on and on.

(A46) Non-stop shopping can be tiring, but there are a lot of other things to do in malls as well. Many people come to eat and drink as much as to shop. Malls offer a choice of places for people to sit, drink, and chat with their fellow shoppers, such as coffee bars, wine bars and, in the UK, traditional English pubs. There is always a good choice of places to eat, too, from American-style fast food places and steak bars to Indonesian or Thai restaurants.

(A47) Some of the larger malls even have hotels in them. Mall fanatics book in to give themselves enough time to have the complete mall experience. It is not only the restaurants and bars that are there to make an evening enjoyable, but there are cinema complexes and even nightclubs in some malls, all within easy walking distance of each other.

(A48) ____ Of course, these synthetic paradises exist for one basic reason: to part the consumer from his or her hard-earned money, so it's not surprising that all malls contain banks. Shoppers may need some extra cash for a few items that they had come to the mall with no intention of buying, or they might run out of small change for the entertainment on offer. Some malls have post offices. There are first-aid stations as well in many of them, just to complete the feeling of being in a completely safe environment where no one can come to any harm. The mall is a wonderful fantasy land for adults and children. It is a place created for the self-indulgent consumer (потакающий своим желаниям), to serve his or her every need.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43—А45 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Escaping from the reality

2) A choice of shopping

3) They will soon be everywhere

4) A controlled environment

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Essential services

2) Good family places

3) Relaxing from shopping

4) Not just a one-day experience

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

TREAT, CARRY, PROMPT, CURE

Rising temperatures and a hotter climate? Well, if you are fortunate enough to live in a country with a miserable climate, it sounds great, doesn't it? But there is a dark side. This climate might bring with it mosquitoes, (B1) ... of malaria. Despite the fact that no one has caught malaria from a British mosquito for several decades, scientists believe that this tropical disease may become more widespread. It is important to remember that malaria is not an (B2) ... disease providing it is dealt with (B3) So if you happen to come back from the tropics feeling ill, it is essential to receive medical (B4) ... as quickly as possible.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B5 и B6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B5. In Mexico you will find different types of music. But the type which young people prefer it is pop-rock. Most of the records they like are about love, their experiences and, of course, the problems what they see in society or in the world.
- **B6**. The most famous pop singer is Luis Miguel who now has made twelve albums. There are also many of women who are famous in our music business. One of them is Shakira, it the best female singer, who also writes her own songs.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Whether in the form of a primitive hand-held tool or the latest computer, technology gives us greater control over the world around us and (B7) ... our lives easier and happier. Without the ability to invent, we would still be living (B8) ... cavemen, and civilisation as we know it would be impossible. At the same (B9) ..., although most technology benefits people, some inventions, such as weapons of war, have had a harmful effect on our lives.

- B10. (Ни один) of the public phones were working.
- **B11.** Do you want cash or a cheque? It doesn't (nmeet) any difference.
- **B12.** There is little we can do about it, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The strike by air traffic controllers (A1) ... off last night, but thousands of holidaymakers (A2) ... at airports throughout Britain. Two thousand tourists have already spent three nights camping out at Gatwick Airport. The restaurant area (A3) ... into a refugee camp, and 50 families with children (A4) ... there. There is nothing for children to do there — they have become bored stiff apart from a lucky few whose parents (A5) ... all kinds of toys with them.

The airport operations manager Christine Grey said, 'Despite the fact that the strike (A6) ..., the situation (A7) ... dramatically over the last 24 hours. It will take us at least four days to clear up the mess and I do believe that

the general situation (A8) ... to normal by the middle of next week at the earliest.'

A1.			
1) has been called	2) was calling	3) was called	4) called
A2.			
 have still suffered are still suffering 		3) are still suffered4) had still been suffere	ed
A3.			
1) had turned	2) has been turned	3) is being turned	4) turns
A4.			
1) have been slept	2) were slept	3) have been sleeping	4) would be sleeping
A5.			
1) were brought	2) had been brought	3) have brought	4) are bringing
A6.			
1) is ending	2) was ending	3) will end	4) ended
A7.			
1) has worsened	2) was worsening	3) was worsened	4) worsens
A8.			
1) returns	2) will have returned	3) has returned	4) will be returning
PRODUKTANTO TOVOT PUR	SOUTE ORIGINAL WAS THOUGHTON	IIII IV BODIOUTOD OTDOTO	

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Dear Mr Simpson,

I am writing (A9) ... behalf of the student committee (A10) ... response to your recent memo regarding financial cutbacks at the college. In your memo, you state that the transport services are used by an insufficient number of students. However, this is not in fact (A11) ... case. May I draw your attention (A12) ... the fact that a majority of students use one or other of the services more than once a week. Although the buses may not be filled to capacity during the summer, in winter they are full.

As regards the car park and parking charges you plan to introduce, we believe it is totally unjust to expect students to pay (A13) ... their own facilities. It is also a fact that many students do not have sufficient money to afford such (A14) ... fee. Coming to college by bicycle is, sadly, not (A15) ... option as the level of traffic in the city makes cycling much too risky a venture. Given all the points above, I have to inform you that after (A16) ... careful consideration we have decided to oppose these drastic measures.

Yours sincerely, John Smith

A9.			
1) at	2) on	3) for	4) from
A10.			
1) in	2) on	3) with	4) at
A11.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A12.			
1) on	2) at	3) to	4) for
A13.			
1) by	2) for	3) to	4) on
A14.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A15.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A16.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —

	Прочитайте предложен	ия. Выберите один и:	з предложенных вариантов	в ответа.
A17.	Why do you never let.	any fun?		
	1) me to have	2) me having	3) I have	4) me have
A18.	Neither of my parents r 1) getting	regrets married whe 2) to get	en they were so young. 3) got	4) get
A19.	Will you fill in this form 1) so as	n we could set up a 2) so that	n arrangement for exchang 3) in order	e visits? 4) since
A20.	He speaks English th 1) rapider	an Spanish. 2) far rapidlier	3) much rapidly	4) much more rapidly
	Mrs Harvey had a diffe 1) Nicola and Terry 2) Nicola's and Terry's	rent view of behavi	our. 3) Nicola and Terry's 4) Nicola's and Terry	
	Укажите номер подчер	кнутого фрагмента, в	котором допущена ошибк	a.
A22.	Only a small minority of	of <u>soccer fans</u> <u>is respo</u> 2 3		
A23.	Doctors and researcher	s <u>refer to hay fever as</u> 1 2	the number one allergic re	sponse caused by some wild flowers.
A24.	It is a shortage of langu 1 2	age teachers at schoo	ls $\frac{50}{3}$ it's rather difficult to $\frac{50}{3}$	get a replacement while she is away. 4
A25.	The children watched a	s <u>the huge, brightly c</u> 1 2	<u>coloured</u> balloon began <u>to r</u>	aise into the air. 3 4
s refl is pri (A31	ected twice within the mary rainbows. There is a popular myt), it is impossible to	raindrop before it for th that if you reach t do this, because a rai	rms a rainbow, so the colou the end of a rainbow, you	ary rainbows are unusual because the light ars are in (A30) order and not as bright will find a pot of gold waiting for you. In a go towards the point where the rainbow oproach.
A27.	1) depth	2) length	3) width	4) breadth
	1) rely	2) trust	3) hope	4) believe
A28.	1) say	2) speak	3) talk	4) tell
A29.	1) appearing	2) happening	3) viewing	4) revealing
A30.	1) behind	2) back	3) return	4) reverse
A31.	.,	2) buch	o) recarn	a) levelse
	1) case	2) spite	3) time	4) fact
A32.	N	0.	0) 1 1	0.1
	1) sees	2) seems	3) looks	4) shows
			о смыслу к предложенной	реплике-стимулу.
	Is it all right if I use you 1) No, none at all. 2) Never mind.	ir computer for a whi	3) Sure, go ahead. 4) I'd rather not.	
	Выберите реплику-стим	тул, подходящую по о	смыслу к предложенной от	ветной реплике.
	Yes, but I can't do them 1) Will you mind my ba 2) Could you type a few 3) Can you give me a ha 4) You shouldn't work s	gs while I buy my tic letters for me? and with this?		

A35. Is he?

1) He isn't the right person for her.

- 2) Mark's had two motorcycle accidents.
- 3) That boy is always causing trouble.4) He enjoys the solitary life of a rancher.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. Entering the already crowded festival site, I was a little uneasy. I'd heard discouraging tales of muddy fields, shocking toilet facilities and not being able to find your tent among so many others exactly the same as yours. I had, of course, tried to prepare for every eventuality. In my rucksack were a brightly coloured flag to raise above my tent so I could find it easily, bright green wellington boots and — just in case the sun did come out — some suncream. As it

turned out, all of them proved to be very useful.

§2. The three-day Glastonbury Festival of Contemporary Performing Arts, held on Worthy Farm in Somerset every June, is the largest open-air music festival in the world. The festival grew from humble (скромный) beginnings in 1970 into the massive event it is today. The main organiser of the festival is the farm's owner, Michael Eavis, who started it all up because he likes music, and he still makes the final choice of which big-name bands will appear. Over 100,000 tickets were sold this year, which is a lot of organisation for one farmer. (In fact he does hire a music promotion organisation to help him sort out all the complications of running such a huge festival, so he isn't quite all on his own.)

§3. But it's not just music at the festival. As I wandered about the site, looking for somewhere to pitch my tent, I realised that this was, indeed, a festival of performing arts. There were theatre tents, dance performances, jugglers and mime artists all over the site. You certainly wouldn't starve in this place, either. I'd never seen so many food stalls in my life. Whether you prefer Thai, Indian and African, to mention just a few, or even good old English staples (любимая

еда) such as jacket potatoes, there was something for everyone.

§4. The famous Pyramid Stage had its usual line-up of great bands and there were plenty of big names playing on the Other Stage, too. In fact, there are so many stages, with so many different types of music and things going on, that it can be really difficult getting to see and do everything you want to. I found myself running from one venue to

the next, trying to catch at least part of my favourite acts, and still missed a few altogether.

§5. Then it was all over, and I had to head back to the real world again. It had been a pleasant surprise to discover that 100,000 people crammed into muddy fields in **basic** conditions (the stories I'd been told about the toilets were true) can still manage to have the time of their lives. Tickets aren't cheap, but since over £1 million in proceeds from the festival goes to charity, it would be childish to complain. I left with a warm, happy feeling that I'm sure is shared by anyone who has experienced the magic of the Glastonbury Festival.

A36. The organisation of the festival

1) is difficult due to the size of the project.

2) takes just a few days in the summer.

- 3) is completely controlled by a music company.
- **A37**. What complaint did the writer have about the performances at the festival?
 - 1) She didn't manage to see some performances.
 - 2) She became tired from running around the site.
 - 3) It wasn't possible to see a full performance.
- A38. What feature of the festival had the writer not expected?
 - 1) There were over 100,000 people there.
 - 2) Festival profits are donated to charity.
 - 3) It was enjoyable despite the lack of comfort.
- A39. What was the writer's attitude to the festival by the end of it?
 - 1) She realised the discouraging stories she'd heard were untrue.

2) She felt that the festival had been a special event.

3) She was sad that she would have to go back to a normal life again.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. eventuality (§1)

1) circumstance

2) accident

3) uncertainty

A41. basic (§5)

1) simple

2) main

3) typical

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. You certainly wouldn't starve in this place, either. (§3)

1) И вы тоже, безусловно, не ходили голодными в этом месте.

2) Вы, скорее всего, там тоже не голодали.

3) И вы бы, конечно, не голодали здесь.

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

After a morning climbing Ben Loyal, 'Queen of the Scottish Peaks', it was time to go back down to his car. 'No problem,' thought climber Paul Goddard. But he was wrong...

(A43) ____ Paul chose a route down the south-east side of the mountain. It was steep — at least 45 degrees — but no problem for an experienced mountain-walker like himself. He started down. But soon it became much steeper. 'It's almost vertical,' he thought. 'There's too great a danger of falling.' Turning to face the mountainside, he grasped (хватать) a rock with his left hand and began to climb back up.

(A44) _____ Immediately, the ground gave way. For a second his left arm took his full weight and he knew from the pain in his shoulder that it had been badly injured. Then he dropped straight down for about ten metres, hit the slope (склон) again and was briefly conscious of rolling over and over. Then he passed out. Paul came round to find himself curled up, rucksack still on his back, on a shelf nearly seventy metres further down. Trying to move, he gasped (с трудом дышать) at the pain in his shoulder and in his chest. His left arm was useless. He realized he needed help quickly, but in the meantime he used the first-aid kit in his rucksack.

(A45) Fifteen years as a scout leader had given Paul the experience to cope with crises in remote areas and now he thought long and hard about the position he found himself in. The car was on the other side of the mountain. First he had to get down to the valley, still at least 500 metres below, and a steep slope all the way. After

that there would be about another six kilometres to walk.

(A46) ____ He couldn't afford to leave his rucksack behind, even though with his injuries it was impossible to carry it. It contained a sweater, first-aid kit, map and compass, bottled water and food — it was his lifeline. He would have to crawl backwards and use his legs to push the rucksack downhill.

(A47) ____ The going was hard. He crawled along on one arm, on ground thick with rocks and rough plants, and every time he kicked the rucksack it bounced off down the hill and he had to follow its zigzag route. By midnight, after ten hours of crawling backwards down the steep slope, he was still high on the mountain. Wearily he pulled on a waterproof jacket against the cold, got into a bright orange survival bag with the rucksack as a pillow and jammed his feet against a rock. Despite the pain and the cold, he was able to sleep for some time.

(A48) _____ It was 8 p.m. that night when he finally made it back to his car. With one last effort he struggled into the driving seat and drove to the police station, where the emergency services took over. Three months later he was back at work and he still goes mountain walking, but he will never forget the basic rule his experience taught him:

'Don't think you can beat the mountains, no matter how experienced you may be.'

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43—А45 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Losing hope

3) A disastrous fall

2) Analysing the situation

4) A deceptively easy slope

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

Slow progress
 According to the plan

3) A useful lesson

4) Necessities for survival

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (В1—В4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

PROFIT, VARY, CRUEL, SURE

In the beginning, humans hunted because they had to. A successful hunting trip would **(B1)** ... that the hunters' families did not die of starvation for another few weeks. Nowadays, however, hunting has nothing to do with survival. Fresh meat is easily obtained from **(B2)** ... shops. What is more, people frequently hunt animals which they cannot even eat. So why do they do it? For some, hunting is a **(B3)** ... business. But for others, the only explanation seems to be that they take some kind of pleasure in **(B4)**

Прочитайте текст (В5—В6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами В5 и В6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- **B5.** Becky has been a vegetarian for six months. 'It was my New Year's Resolution,' she says. 'It's been a real eye-opener. I didn't realise that there a lot of things I eat like sauces have meat products in them. I became a member of the Vegetarian Society, which sent to me lots of really helpful information.
- **B6.** It's made me realise how much goes into our food and how little we consumers know. Now I'm much more better at experimenting with food. I'm trying to convince that the other people in my flat to become vegetarian too.'

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Italy is a fascinating country, a wonderland of (B7) ... man-made and natural beauty. No matter where you go in this small but varied country you will find something to interest and delight you. The big cities (B8) ... as Milan, Rome and Naples are filled with ancient monuments and some of the best examples of modern architecture in the world, while smaller cities like Pisa and Siena are well (B9) ... exploring for sights.

- B10. It will take me (eure) ten minutes to finish my homework.
- B11. It (имеет) sense to save money while you can.
- B12. The lakes in this region are rarely deep, (не так ли)?

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

One of the most exciting archaeological discoveries in history (A1) ... in 1922, when Howard Carter (A2) ... in the Valley of the Kings in Egypt. After many months of work, he finally came across an unknown tomb.

Together with his friend Lord Carnarvon he entered the dark chamber. At first there was disappointment, because the tomb was empty, and it was clear that it (A3) However, one of the workers eventually found a small staircase that (A4) ... down to another door that had not been opened.

Carter went down the dark staircase, walking carefully in case there (A5) ... any traps. As he opened the door, it was clear at once that they (A6) ... what they (A7) ... for. The tomb of the boy pharaoh Tutankhamon was full of treasures of great value which (A8) ... there undiscovered for thousands of years.

A1.			
1) made	2) had been made	3) has made	4) was made
A2.			
1) had worked	2) was working	3) has worked	4) had been working
A3.			
1) was robbing	2) had been robbed	3) was being robbed	4) had robbed
A4.			
1) was led	had been led	3) led	4) has led
A5.			
1) were	2) are	3) will have been	4) have been
A6.			
1) were discovered	4	3) had discovered	
2) have been discove	red	4) are discovering	
A7.		051 11 1 12	
 were looked have looked 		3) had been looking4) had been looked	
A8.			
1) have been lying	2) had been lain	3) were lain	4) had lain

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

The role of wildlife in a modern world has always fascinated me and my ambition is to find (A9) ... work in this field. I have always enjoyed participating in any kind of activity which involves (A10) ... contact with wildlife, and I have taken every opportunity to pursue this interest. I have even taken a course (A11) ... animal welfare, and I went (A12) ... a safari to Kenya at the age of nine with an organised expedition. My hobbies are reading, mountain biking and skiing. I am (A13) ... possession of a current driving licence and I am computer literate. I will have finished my full-time education by June this year and I would be free to take up a post after that time.

I enjoy creating things but I am able to keep my emotions under (A14) ... control in a crisis. I also feel I have an aptitude (способность) for working as a member of (A15) ... team but I would welcome taking on responsibility (A16) ... others.

(IIIO) others.			
A9.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A10.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A11.			
1) at	2) in	3) by	4) for
A12.			
1) to	2) out	3) on	4) in
A13.			
1) in	2) for	3) from	4) with
A14.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A15.			
1) a	2) an	3) the	4) —
A16.			
1) on	2) in	3) for	4) by

	Прочитайте предлох	кения. Выберите один из	предложенных ва	риантов ответа.	
A17		e a book made to the is			
	1) him to go	2) him go	3) his going	4) him to be gone	
A18.	. He really regrets s	chool so young, it has ru	ined his career.		
	1) leaving	2) left	3) to leave	4) leave	
A19.	She is studying Engl	lish at night school she		7.7	
	1) in order	2) so as	3) so that	4) as if	
A20.	1) far least traumation	than sudden changes.	2) 1	i n	
	2) much less trauma		 less trauma the least train 		
A21.		ng but her eyes are the sa	31 - 1. TO SERVICE - STORY S. COMPAN.		
	1) sister's-in-law	2) sister-in-law's	3) sister-in-lay		
	Укажите номер подч	еркнутого фрагмента, в		CONTROL CONTRO	
A22.				<u>cause</u> a number of vessels <u>has dis</u>	annooned them
	1	<u> </u>	2	3	4
A23.	You'd better see the	unit four for more inform	ation on word ord	er in sentences like these.	
	1	2 3	4		
A24.	It is nothing more an	<u>moying</u> than <u>being interr</u>	upted when you a	re speaking <u>in public</u> .	
	1 2		3	4	
A25.	Any worker who mal	<u>kes a useful suggestion</u> to	the firm <u>will be ri</u>	<u>sen to</u> a higher position.	
	1	2	3	4	
	Прочитайте текст. Вы	колдения в предлож	кенных вариантов	ответа.	
	When I was 18, I (A	$126) \dots$ a job with a tele	evision company.	I was in a small office with thre	e other girls, and
tnere	was a boy working u	pstairs we all fancied. H	e seemed verv coo	l and sophisticated because unli	ke us he actually
got to	meet the stars. Non	e of us thought we stood	ta (A27) with	him, but we used to try to chat I	him un wheneve
he (A	28) a visit to our	department. Then one d	av quite unexpect	edly, he (A29) me to a big cha	omitis dinner et es
evner	sive hotel I couldn't	boliovo my lugle All+b	ay, quite unexpect	cury, he (A23) hie to a big cha	arity dinner at ai
in (A	30) a fortuna an	believe my fack. All the	e big stars were go	oing to be there, so I had to look	my best. I ended
ab (u	(a) a fortune on a	new dress, shoes and h	airstyle.	D	
	As we walked into th	e hotel, cameras were fla	shing and I felt lik	e a real celebrity. We went up a lo	ong, wide flight o
stairs,	just like in a scene fr	om the movies. But as w	e (A31) the top	, one of my new leather-soled sho	oes slipped on the
red ca	rpet. I fell backwards	and went head over hee	Is down the stairs.	landing in a heap at the bottom	I was unburt bu
Dadiy	shaken and extremel	y embarrassed. My partn	er took one look at	t me and decided he had better (A	132) me home
A26.					
	1) held	2) got	3) set	4) joined	
A27.	75 1				
	1) chance	2) fortune	3) luck	4) opportunity	
A28.	. 1. 1				
	1) did	2) paid	3) carried	4) tried	
A29.	10 22-2 10 3	200			
	1) suggested	2) proposed	3) invited	4) offered	
A30.	200 11 200 12	200			
	1) losing	2) making	3) spending	4) investing	
A31.					
	1) managed	2) achieved	3) arrived	4) reached	
A32.					
	1) take	2) arrive	3) get	4) move	
E	Выберите ответную р	еплику, подходящую по	смыслу к предлож	кенной реплике-стимулу.	
A33.	Did you have any tro	uble finding us?			
	1) There's nothing for		3) It's no troub	le.	
2	2) Not at all.		4) No, I'd rathe	er not.	
E	Выберите реплику-ст	имул, подходящую по см	ныслу к предложен	нной ответной реплике.	
		, and it keeps very good			
1) How long have you	had your watch?			
2	How long have you	been here?			
ŝ	3) How long have you	been playing this guitar	?		
4	i) Have you been to t	his place before?			

A35. Are they?

1) The doctors suspect pneumonia.

2) They aren't going to leave you in peace, I'm afraid.

3) There are hundreds of different computer programmes designed specially for children.

4) They are leaving the kids with Grandma on Saturday.

Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий содержанию прочитанного текста. Укажите номер выбранного варианта в бланке ответов.

§1. The image of the Renaissance man or woman, someone who has achieved success or proficiency in several fields, has a deep appeal nowadays. Considering the unlimited opportunities that are available in our complex society, the idea of following just one career seems a bit boring. Antonia Campbell Hughes, currently starring on the Dublin stage in the play *Roberto Zucco*, appears to be the perfect Renaissance woman. Throughout her short career she has been a fashion designer, a model and a star of the big and small screens.

§2. Antonia insists that her careers have flowed organically from each other. 'People never really see the connection between fashion and drama, but I think there's a huge connection. I saw fashion as creating a scene and a setting and characters as part of a whole, connecting them all effectively. All my collections were always about creating a mood and an atmosphere and a character. I never understood how people who are creative are satisfied with

one way of expressing themselves, one medium. I always did all kinds of things.

§3. Antonia was born in Derry, in the west of Ireland, but her parents left the country when she was two, and she grew up in Switzerland and the US. She moved to Dublin in her mid-teens but didn't find the school subjects

particularly interesting, so she went to New York for a bit and got into fashion.

§4. Her move into acting was almost accidental. 'A man called John McGuire stopped me on the street and asked me to do a music video,' she says. 'That made me quite uncertain of my plans for the future. From there I became heavily involved in television, in comedy. I just went for an audition (пробы) and got a part in Jack Dee's comedy Lead Balloon; I never wished to be a TV star and, besides, didn't know much about the show. But I think the comedy field in British television is quite strong, and I really respect Jack's work and it's such a lovely programme to work on.'

§5. Everyone has a friend who can't decide what to do with their life. While many people in their twenties travel around Southeast Asia in search of meaning, Antonia is seemingly keen to travel in other ways. Even when describing her current passion, her mind is never far from her next move. 'I'm very much obsessed with what I'm doing at the moment,' she says. 'That's the beauty of acting: you're working on a completely different project every given month. I'm quite interested in writing also, but I'd like to do more theatre before I start writing plays.'

A36. In the first paragraph, the writer suggests that

1) it may be unwise to try out too many different careers.

- people who are very focused on one career may appear dull.
 to succeed in life you need to learn a range of complex skills.
- A37. When talking about her work as a fashion designer, Antonia is explaining
 - 1) why it was impossible to get her designs noticed.
 2) how she approached the creation of a collection.

3) why she found the profession unsatisfying.

- A38. What does Antonia say about her decision to do television work in Britain?
 - She was attracted to it by the opportunities to improvise.
 - 2) She liked the fact that the actors also write the scripts.
 - 3) It was something that she got into almost by chance.
- A39. In the final paragraph, we learn that Antonia
 - 1) plans to travel before taking on more work.
 - 2) has finally settled into a career that suits her.
 - 3) gets pleasure from the variety offered by her current occupation.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте.

A40. currently (§1)

1) constantly 2) prese

2) presently

3) occasionally

A41. accidental (§4)

1) unfortunate

2) unnatural

3) unplanned

Выберите правильный вариант перевода (1, 2 или 3) в соответствии с содержанием текста.

A42. ... so she went to New York for a bit and got into fashion. (§3)

1) ... так что она поехала в Нью-Йорк ненадолго и стала там популярной. 2) ... поэтому она уехала в Нью-Йорк на какое-то время и занялась модой.

3) ... и таким образом она отправилась в Нью-Йорк на короткое время и стала модной.

Прочитайте текст. Подберите заголовок к каждому абзацу в соответствии с его содержанием. Укажите номер вы-

бранного варианта в бланке ответов.

(A43) For a lot of people, shopping is a chore, something boring, yet necessary — like housework. For others, shopping is fun and relaxing, an escape from the world of work. For a minority, however, shopping can be as dangerous as consuming too much alcohol or being addicted to drugs. For these "shopaholics", a trip to a department store can become a way of adding to the addiction.

(A44) _____How does this happen and why? Psychologists believe that the "shopaholic" views spending money as a way of escaping from reality and a means of achieving happiness. The real problem starts, however, when the constant need to buy new things starts interfering with a person's life. People who become addicted to the excitement of shopping believe that buying something new will make their lives happier and more fulfilling. Their addiction is often a sign of chronic depression. People fill their lives with "things" because they can't face their own unhappiness. Shopping then becomes a form of therapy.

(A45) ____ Buying your way out of an emotional crisis is not a healthy option, though. Spending can get out of control. People get caught in a vicious circle (порочный круг) in which the "high" of spending money is soon replaced by disappointment, and finally depression, as the debts pile up. New things quickly lose their attraction and

then the desire to shop and spend starts all over again.

(A46) ____ The widespread use of credit cards has led to a marked increase in the number of shopaholics. According to experts, the banks have made credit cards too easy to obtain, with the result that more and more people are using them. Using a credit card gives one the illusion that no money is being spent. People can go on for years, spending vast sums every month on credit without realising it.

(A47) _____ Unfortunately, many shopaholics don't realise that they have a problem until it is too late. They end up either with huge debts to the bank or in court. Unlike a dependency on alcohol or drugs, an addiction to shopping and spending money is less easy to detect but, as with other forms of addiction, the "shopaholic" is also in need of professional help. Unfortunately, there are no laws to prevent banks from giving out credit cards. Few governments will interfere with them as long as they are profitable.

(A48) _____ It seems, then, that the solution to the problem lies with the therapists who specialise in this disorder, and with the patients themselves. Getting to the root of the shopaholic's depression and helping the shopaholic to face up to and cope with the real problems that stimulate their shopping mania is the only practical approach. Buying yet

another new dress is not the answer.

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А43-А45 из предложенных (1-4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) Short-lived enjoyment

3) Shop your way to happiness?

2) Shopping — a problem for most of us

4) Not the same for everyone

Подберите заголовки к абзацам А46—А48 из предложенных (1—4). Один заголовок является лишним.

1) The only answer

3) It's not so obvious

2) Blaming the banks 4) The dangers of credit

Часть В

Прочитайте текст (B1—B4). Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово из предложенных. В бланке ответов запишите его в той форме, в которой оно должно стоять в предложении. Помните, что каждое слово может быть использовано только один раз и что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

SUFFER, AVAIL, LENGTH, HOPE

An estimated half a million people in the UK suffer from Seasonal Affective Disorder, or SAD, a form of depression that affects them during the winter months. A shortage of sunlight can lead to overeating and extremes of mood, and bring on feelings of (B1) ... and despair. For many (B2) ..., SAD is a seriously disabling illness, which only eases off as winter turns to spring and daylight hours slowly (B3) Fortunately, treatment is (B4) Certain anti-depressants are effective in stabilizing moods, and combine well with light therapy.

Прочитайте текст (B5—B6). Выпишите по два лишних слова в бланк ответов в строки под номерами B5 и B6 в порядке их предъявления в тексте. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке, не оставляя пробелов между словами.

- B5. The authorities in Bangladesh are doing their best for the victims of the floods which have covered many of low-lying coastal villages. They estimate that there must be several thousand people are in need of urgent medical attention.
- **B6.** The Red Cross which insists that the United Nations must provide it more aid for the affected area. As a result of the tragedy, the planned independence celebrations have been called off, and the Prime Minister has cancelled his visit to the USA.

Прочитайте текст (В7—В9). Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

Some people say that Oxford is the most attractive city in England. Whether this is true or not, it is certainly (B7) ... a visit. It is also ideal for a day trip from London, as (B8) ... are regular trains and buses at fifteen-minute intervals and it only (B9) ... about an hour to get there. You should visit Oxford's unique and varied range of historic attractions.

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

B10. Some people are not upset by violence but (другие) are.

В11. The whole house (пахнет) of vanilla — what are you baking?

B12. Nobody seems to like Jessica, (не так ли)?

Ответы

			Вариант		the latest and the la
Задание —	1	2	3	4	5
A1	4	2	3	3	4
Λ2	1	1	2	3	1 1 1
Λ3	4	3		1	2
A4	2	3	$\pm 1.5 \pm 4$	1	3
A5	3	1	1	1	4
A6	2	1	2	1	1 - 2
A7	3	2	2	1	3.
A8	4	4	1	2	4
A9	3	3	4.00	2	3
A10	2	3	3	3	
A11	A	4	2	1	3
A12	4 -	1	1 1	3	1 = 1
A13	1	2	E = 1	2	1
A14	1	3		1	Sec. 4.1
A15	3	1	4	4	_ 1 _ 1 1
A16	3-	2	3	4	2
A17	2	1	3	1	3
A18	1	2	2 - 2 A to - 2 - 2	1	5 1 51
A19	4 5 - 5	1	7 i 2 7	2	2
A20	2-1	1	3747 57	4	3 - 3 - 3
A21	2 1	4	3	2	$=$ $=$ $\frac{1}{2}$
A22	2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2	3	3	3	
A23	3 7 2 22	3		1	1
Λ24		1		1	
A25	2 2	2		2	
A26	1.25	1	3 7 7 7	3	EBIE ALL
A27	2	3	2	2	
A28	4 4	1		4	
A29	2	1	3	2	1 1
A30	3	A	4	3	4
A31	ń_	3	2	1	
A32	3	1	4 1/2 1.4 - T	2	
A33	2	2		1	1 1 1
A34	4	2		- 1	1.1
A35	3	2	24	4	and the second second
A36	3	1	-2	3	3
A37	3	2		11	3
A38	2	3	2-11-1	3	Harriston in Legan 200
A39	continue 1 march	3	3 2	2	2
A40	3	3		3	3
A41	3	2	2	1	3
A42	1	1	3	1	ing the Land
A43	= 2	4		2	3
A44	3	2	3	4	BS 5545 451
A45	4	3	2 2	1	1
A46	4	1	3	4	3
A47	2	3		2	2
A48	3	4	4	3	e/ set 1 certain
B1	AMBITIOUS	INCREDIBLE	CONVERSATION	UNATTENDED	IRRELEVANT
B2	AIMLESS	INFLUENTIAL	INSIGNIFICANT	ENABLE	ACHIEVEMENTS
B3	DETERMINATION	IMPOSSIBILITY	ACCURATELY	OWNERSHIP	UNSUITABLY
B4	PUBLICITY	ANNOUNCEMENT	NERVOUS	IDENTIFICATION	UNABLE
B5	TOWHICH	OFWITICH	ONBEEN	ITWITCH	WHICHTHERE
B6	THEREIT	THANWHO	ITONE	OUTBE	OFWHEN
B7	PART	LIKE	TAKE	MORE	ΛS
B8	USED/HAD	LESS	THERE	THAN	MIND
B9	or and a second	SUCII	USE	EVER	SO
B10	EITHER	NONE	EITHER	ANOTHER	THEOTHER
B11	MAKES	GETS	MAKES	MADE	MAKE
B12	ISIT	ISTHERE	DOTHEY	DOTHEY	DOESIT

Задание			Вариант	T. L. B. Land	
Задание	6	7	8	9	10
A1	2	1	2	3	4
A2	3	1	2	2	2
A3	4	1	3	2	2
A4	1	2	1	3	3
A5	3	2	4	3	1
A6	2	3	1	1	3
A7	1 39	1	3		3
A8	4	4	4	2	4
A9	4	1	3	2	4
A10	3	3	112 112 1	1	4
A11	2	1	4	3	2
A12	3	2	1	3	
Λ13	2	2			3
A14	3		2	2	1
			3	1	4
A15	1	4	1	2	1
A16	4	3	3	4	3
A17	1	3	4	1	2
A18	3	2	1	1	1
A19	1-3	1	3	2	3
A20	2	3	4	- 4	2
A21	3	3-	2	2	2
A22	2	2	3	3	4 3 3 4
A23	1	2	2	3	2
A24	2	2	1	1	1
A25	3	3	2	3	3
A26	1	1	3	1	2
A27	3	14, 4 14 3	3	1	
A28	2	2	2	4	2
A29	4	2	4	1	3
A30	1 = -	4		4	3
A31	2	3	2	4	4
A32	F 53 E E F	3	a 2 7 2 7 1	2	1
A33	3	2	2	3	2
A34	3	4	3	2	
A35	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	3	
A36	1	2	1	1	4
A37	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	3		2
A38	3	 i		1	2
A39	1	3	1	3	3
-			2	2	3
A40	2	2	1	1	2
A41	1	3	3	1	3
A42	3	1	2	3	-2
A43	4	2	3	4	4
A44	2	1	4	3	3 3
A45	the second second	3	2	2	1
A46	2	11	3	4	4
A47		2	4	1	3
A48	3	4	1	3	
B1	RELATIONSHIP	EASILY	CARRIERS	INSURE/ENSURE	HOPELESSNESS
B2	RICHNESS	GLAMOROUS	INCURABLE	VARIOUS	SUFFERERS
В3	ENTHUSIASTIC	VARIETY	PROMPTLY	PROFITABLE	LENGTHEN
B4	UNUSUALLY	INEXPENSIVE	TREATMENT	CRUELTY	AVAILABLE
B5	WHICHAT	WHOIT	LLMHYL	THERETO	OFARE
B6	THEREIT	ONSO	OFIT	MORETHAT	WHICHIT
B7	IT	IT	MAKES	ВОТН	WORTH
B8 -	SUCH	TOOK	LIKE	SUCH	THERE
B9	PUT	AS	TIME	WORTH	TAKES
B10	NEITHER	ANOTHER	NONE	ANOTHER	OTHERS
B11	AFFORD	MADE	MAKE	MAKES	SMELLS
B12	DOESSHE	WASIT	ISTHERE	ARETHEY	DOTHEY

ПОРЯДОК ЗАПОЛНЕНИЯ БЛАНКА ОТВЕТОВ¹

Информация в бланк ответов записывается только в специально отведенные поля черными гелевыми чернилами. Каждое поле заполняется, начиная с первой позиции. Незаполненные клеточки поля остаются свободными. Буквы вписываются в соответствии с образцами написания, расположенными в верхней части бланка ответов (рис. 1). Случайные пометки и кляксы не допускаются.



Puc. 1

Бланк ответов состоит из области регистрации и области ответов. В области регистрации (рис. 2) расположены:

Код пункти такиринання Сведения об у	УЧЕСТНИКЕ ТЕСТИРОВАН	ния / Звесткі аб удзельні	Тод предметя Ноу Тэсціравання	Незек прадмете
Код пункти тасиравання Сведения об у Фамилия Прозецича Имя Таки				Номер вариянта теста
Phas ture				
Оптчество мя ла бацьку				Нумар ворыянта тасту
Документ Серия		Howep Hywep		
Дакумент Серыя	with the second			
Дакументі Серыя Дата тестирования / Дата тест		падение номара варманта теста с номер		Номер варианта тас

Puc. 2

По указанию ответственного организатора в аудитории абитуриент заполняет следующие поля (табл. 1, 2):

Таблица 1

Код пункта тестирования: указывается код пункта тестирования в соответствии с кодировкой РИКЗ	Например: 101 (БНТУ)
Корпус: указывается номер (название) корпуса пункта тестирования, в котором абитуриент проходит централизованное тестирование	Например: 1, 2 и т. д.
Номер аудитории: указывается номер аудитории пункта тестирования, в которой абитуриент проходит централизованное тестирование	Например: 45, 3а и т. д.

Таблица 2

Окончание табл. 2

Предмет	Код пред- мета	Сокращенное название пред- мета на рус. яз.	Сокращенное название пред- мета на бел. яз
Русский язык	01	РУС	
Белорусский язык	02		БЕЛ
Физика	03	ФИЗ	Ф13
Математика	04	MAT	MAT
Химия	05	ХИМ	XIM
Биология	06	БИО	КІЗ
Английский язык	07	АНΓ	АНГ

Предмет	Код пред- мета	Сокращенное название пред- мета на рус. яз.	Сокращенное название пред- мета на бел, яз.
Немецкий язык	08	HEM	НЯМ
Испанский язык	09	ИСП	ІСП
Французский язык	10	ФРА	ФРА
История Беларуси	11	ИСТ	ГІС
Обществоведение	12	ОБЩ	ГРА
География	13	ГЕО	ГЕА
Всемирная история новейшего времени	14	вис	СП

Самостоятельно абитуриент заполняет следующие поля (табл. 3):

Таблица 3

Фамилия Имя Отчество	Указывается информация из документа, удостоверяющего личность (паспорт, или вид на жительство в Республике Беларусь, или удостоверение беженца, или справка, выдаваемая в случае утраты (хищения) документа, удостоверяющего личность)
Серия	Указывается серия документа, удостоверяющего личность (паспорт, или вид на жительство в Республике Беларусь, или удостоверение беженца, или справка, выдаваемая в случае утраты (хищения) документа, удостоверяющего личность)
Номер	Указывается номер документа, удостоверяющего личность (паспорт, или вид на жительство в Республике Беларусь, или удостоверение беженца, или справка, выдаваемая в случае утраты (хищения) документа, удостоверяющего личность)
Дата	Указывается дата проведения централизованного тестирования
Подпись	Абитуриент ставит свою подпись. Подпись абитуриента на бланке ответов не должна выходить за линии ограничительной рамки

¹ Порядок заполнения бланка ответов разработан Республиканским институтом контроля знаний.

В случае неверного заполнения области регистрации ошибочные данные аннулируются путем перечеркивания, после чего записываются верные данные (рис. 3).

Область ответов состоит из части А и части В.

Область ответов части А включает два поля:

Поле I (рис. 4) — горизонтальный ряд номеров тестовых заданий, под каждым из которых расположены вертикальные столбики из пяти клеточек для обозначения меткой выбранного ответа.

Образец метки (крестик) приведен в бланке ответов. Линии метки не должны быть толстыми. Если стержень ручки оставляет слишком жирную линию, вместо крестика нужно провести только одну диагональ клеточки (любую). Запрещено исправлять метку графическим способом (заштриховывать) или замазывать корректирующей жидкостью.

Для внесения ответа абитуриент под номером тестового задания должен поставить метку в ту клеточку, номер которой соответствует номеру выбранного им варианта ответа.

Поле II (рис. 5) — область отмены ошибочных меток.

В одном тестовом задании всего можно отменить не более шести ошибочных меток. Для отмены ошибочного и указания верного ответа необходимо:

1) указать номер тестового задания (см. рис. 5, сноска 1) и номер ошибочно выбранного варианта ответа (см. рис. 5, сноска 2);

 поставить метку в нужной клеточке столбика тестового задания (см. рис. 4, сноска 1).

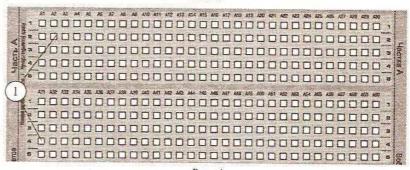
Область ответов части В также включает два поля:

Поле I (рис. 6) — область для записи кратких ответов на задания.

Ответы на задания части В необходимо записывать справа от номера тестового задания.



Puc. 3



Puc. 4



Puc. 5



Puc. 6

Ответ в этой части дается только в краткой форме (слово, словосочетание, сочетание букв и цифр, цифр или целое число). Каждую цифру, букву или знак минуса (если число отрицательное) записывают в отдельную клеточку.

Если по условию теста ответ состоит из нескольких слов, то его записывают слитно, без дефиса, пробела или другого разделительного знака. Если в таком слове окажется букв больше, чем клеточек в поле ответа, то вторую часть слова следует писать более убористо (не соблюдая попадания букв в клеточки, чтобы слово вместилось полностью).

Ответ (слово или словосочетание) дается в форме (род, число, падеж) согласно инструкции к тестовому заданию и на языке, избранном для сдачи экзамена. Орфографические ошибки в ответе недопустимы.

Числовой ответ записывается цифрой или цифрами с первой клеточки в той последовательности, которая указана в инструкции к тестовому заданию.

Если числовой ответ получается в виде дроби, то дробь следует округлить до целого числа по правилам математического округления.

Каждый символ химического элемента, индекс и скобки в формуле вещества необходимо вносить в отдельную клеточку. Верхний и нижний индексы должны быть такого же размера, как и символы химических элементов. Для написания символов химических элементов следует использовать только заглавные буквы.

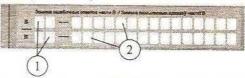
Недопустимо записывать ответ в виде математической формулы или выражения, указывать названия единиц измерения (градусы, проценты, метры, тонны), давать словесные заголовки или комментарии к числу.

Поле II (рис. 7) — область замены ошибочных ответов на задания.

Отменить можно не более двух ошибочных ответов. Для отмены ошибочного и указания верного ответа необходимо:

1) указать номер неверно выполненного тестового задания (см. рис. 7, сноска 1);

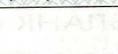
2) записать правильный ответ (см. рис. 7, сноска 2).



Puc. 7

Претензии к результатам централизованного тестирования по причине нарушения абитуриентом порядка заполнения бланка ответов не рассматриваются.

БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ №





Кірыліца		ДЕЖ	3 И	ИO	К Л браз	М Н ец м	0 I етки	I P ⊠	У30 У30	у ў р ме	ф X	ЦЧ	ШШ	4 Ь	ЫЬ	Э Н	RO			фры чбы	(355)	7 8	9 0	
Код пункта	нивацијос	ания		K	Корпус Корпус				Нумпр	аудитор	al .			Код пра	дмета	X		X/ 5/			предмета			
Фамилия Прозейшча Имя Імя Отчество Імя па бацьку	Сведе	ния об	учас	тник	е тес	стирс	ван	ия /	34ec	DKI BO	УДЗ	епън	NO EX	acti	988	ЯНЯ	XX	X X X X X X X X X			р вариа			
Contract of the Contract of th	умент умент	Серия	SOC	XXX	SONO		0%			Номер	XO7		Xei	SA	26A	nê.	4X6	YOU	50X5 50X6	**> **>				
A1 A2 1	A3 A4	A5 A6	A7	A8 A	19 A10) A11	A12	A13	A14 A	15 A16	A17	A18	A19	A20 /	A21 A	22 A	23 A	24 A2	25 A26	A27	A28	A29		1 2
3 0 0 1																								3 4 5
A31 A32	A33 A34	A35 A36	A37	A38 A	39 A4	0 A41	A42	A43	A44 A	45 A4	6 A47	A48	A49	A50	A51 /	A52 /	A53 A	54 AI	55 A56	6 A57	A58	A59	A60	1 2
3 0 0																								3 4 5
5 Ц Д К Отмена ошибочных ме Адмена памыпковых м	еток А	опроса № ытання №		A	вопрос	-	ыс и метки метки	Α		a Ne m		Nº E	опроса ытання	. № : -		A	⊵ Bonp	-	тк т к метки	A	Nº BON	00ca	Nº METK	КИ
B1	XXXX	XXX	XX	XXX.	3 XX	XX	XX	XX.	XX	XX2	37		CX?	XX:	XXX	XXX	₹(X	750		7%.7		() <u>X</u> ?		()
B2											B8 —													
B3											B9 —													
B4 ——										B -	10													
B5 —										-	311													
В6 Замен	на ошибоч	ных ответ	гов час	сти В	73ame	на пам	и м мылко	вых ад	т vi цказаў	LWA	112 B	e e	CM.7			KOK	IDX	*()*		XX	JON.	XX		光公

Подпись тестируемого строго внутри окошка / Подпіс тэсціруемага строга ўнутры акенца